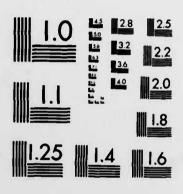
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CONNECTICUT COASTAL BASIN
WEST HAVEN, CONNECTICUT
MALTBY LAKE DAM No. 1
CT 00111

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASS. 02154

AUGUST, 1979

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DAMS, INSPECTION, DAM SAFETY,

Conn. Coastal Basin West Haven, Conn. Maltby Lake Dam

20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse elde il necessary and identify by block number)

This 26 ft. high water supply facility dam consists of two main sections. The upstream section is an earthfill dam built in 1862. The downstream part, built in 1900, is a stone masonry gravity section. The area between the two sections was filled in 1900 with a well-compacted clayey soil adjacent to the older up stream fill material. The spillway is a 21.5' ft. long broad-crested stone maweir discharging to a concrete and stone channel which leads to a concrete ar culvert under Conn. Route 34 immediately downstream of the dam.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS 424 TRAPELO ROAD WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS 02154

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF: NEDED

NOV 28 1979

Honorable Ella T. Grasso Governor of the State of Connecticut State Capitol Hartford, Connecticut 06115

Dear Governor Grasso:

Inclosed is a copy of the Maltby Lake Dam No. 1 Phase I Inspection Report, which was prepared under the National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams. This report is presented for your use and is based upon a visual inspection, a review of the past performance and a brief hydrological study of the dam. A brief assessment is included at the beginning of the report. I have approved the report and support the findings and recommendations described in Section 7 and ask that you keep me informed of the actions taken to implement them. This follow-up action is a vitally important part of this program.

A copy of this report has been forwarded to the Department of Environmental Protection, the cooperating agency for the State of Connecticut. In addition, a copy of the report has also been furnished the owner, New Haven Water Company.

Copies of this report will be made available to the public, upon request, by this office under the Freedom of Information Act. In the case of this report the release date will be thirty days from the date of this letter.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank you and the Department of Environmental Protection for your cooperation in carrying out this program.

Sincerely,

Incl As stated MAX B. SCHEIDER

Colonel, Corps of Engineers

Division Engineer

CONNECTICUT COASTAL BASIN WEST HAVEN, CONNECTICUT MALTBY LAKE DAM No. 1 CT 00111



PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY A-/
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASS. 02154

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AUGUST, 1979

BRIEF ASSESSMENT

PHASE IN INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF DAMS

MALTBY LAKE DAM NO. 1 Name of Dam: CT-111 Inventory Number: State Located: CONNECTICUT County Located: NEW HAVEN Town Located: WEST HAVEN TRIBUTARY TO WEST RIVER Stream: NEW HAVEN WATER COMPANY Owner: Date of Inspection: MAY 1, 1979 PETER M. HEYNEN Inspection Team: CALVIN GOLDSMITH MIRON PETROVSKY GEORGE STEPHENS CARL BENKSON

This 26 foot high water supply facility dam consists of two main sections. The upstream section is an earthfill dam built in 1862. The downstream part, built in 1900, is a stone masonry gravity section. The area between the two sections was filled in 1900 with a well-compacted clayey soil adjacent to the older upstream fill material. The spillway is a 21.5' foot long broad-crested stone masonry weir discharging to a concrete and stone channel which leads to a concrete arch culvert under Connecticut Route 34 immediately downstream of the dam. The outlets consist of a 16 inch supply main and a 10 inch low level outlet, both of which are gated on the downstream side of the dam, the 16 inch pipe at a gatehouse at the toe of the dam, and the 10 inch by a gate in a manhole at the toe of the dam. In addition there is a 20 inch pipe through the dam which carries water from the upper Maltby Lake No. 2 to the downstream gatehouse. From the gatehouse, a water line runs to the filtration plant on the opposite side (southeast) of Route 34.

Based upon the visual inspection at the site and past performance, the dam appears to be in good condition. No evidence of instability was observed in the downstream masonry section, the upstream earthfill section, or any appurtenances.

Based upon the size (Small) and hazard classification (High) of the dam in accordance with Corps of Engineers quidelines, the test flood, will be equivalent to one-half the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Peak inflow to the reservoir is 1450 cfs; peak outflow is 1220 cfs with the dam overtopped 0.6 Based upon our hydraulic computations, the spillway capacity is 520 cfs without the swale overflow, which is equivalent to 43% of the routed test flood outflow.

It is recommended that the owner initiate further studies to be undertaken to perform a more refined hydraulic/hydrologic study to determine more accurately the spillway capacity and potential for overtopping. Recommendations should then be made by the engineer and implemented by the owner to increase the project discharge capacity.

It is further recommended that a registered professional engineer qualified in dam design develop recommendations for the raising of a low swale, located to the right of the dam, to the elevation of the top of the dam.

The above recommendations, and any required remedial measures, are discussed in Section 7, and should be instituted by the owners within two years of their receipt of this report.

M. Heynen,

Project Manager

Cahn Engineers, Inc.

Senior Vice President

Cahn Engineers, Inc.

This Phase I Inspection Report on Maltby Lake No. 1 Dam has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, and with good engineering judgment and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

OSUPH W. FINEGAN, JR., MEMBER Water Control Branch Engineering Division

JOSEPH A. MCELROY, MEMBER

Foundation & Materials Branch

aq. Mr Elroy

Engineering Division

CARNEY MY TERZIAN, CHAIRMAN

Chief, Structural Section

Design Branch

Engineering Division

APPROVAL RECOMMENDED:

JOE B. FRYAR

Chief, Engineering Division

PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspection. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I Investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam would necessarily represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions will be detected.

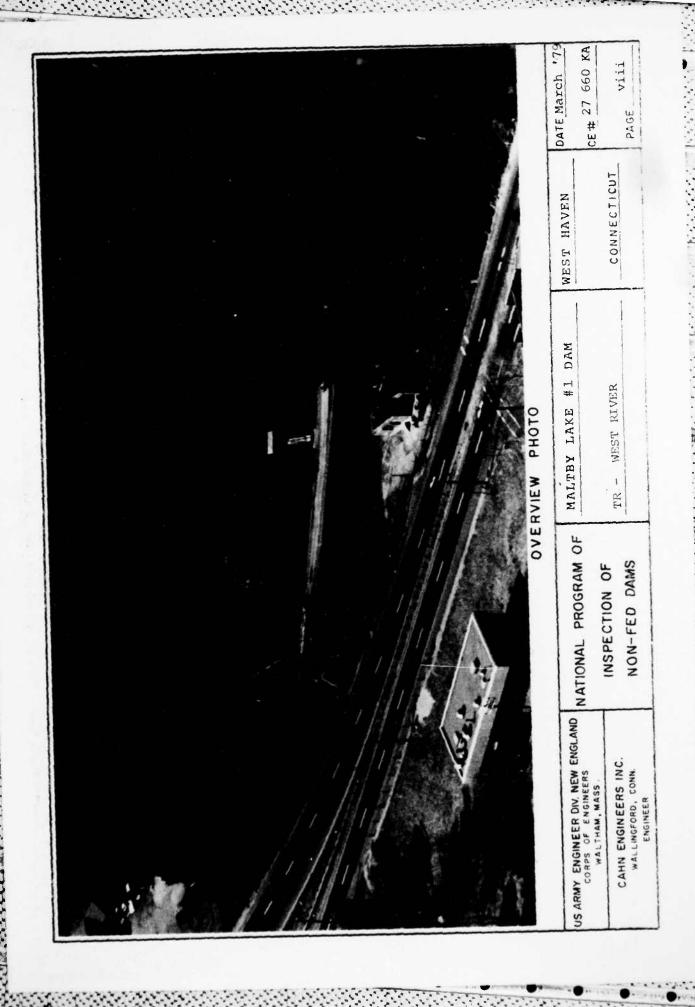
Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test Flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions there of. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as neccessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

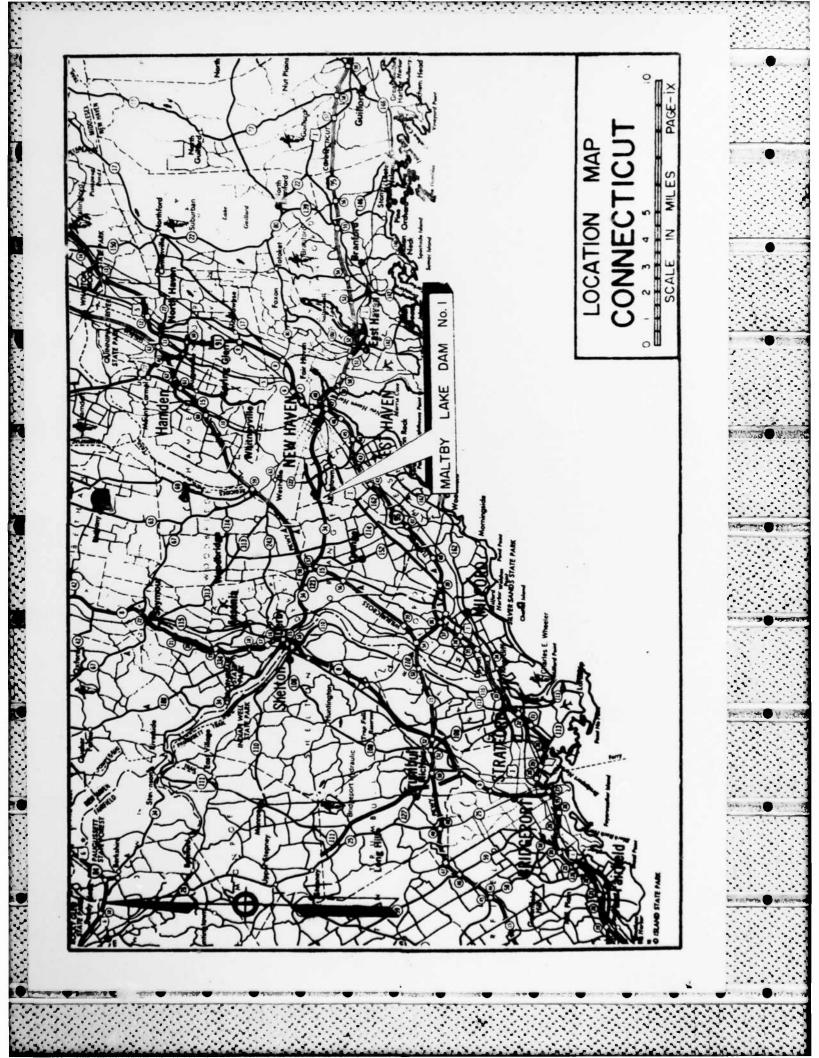
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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

MALTBY LAKE DAM NO. 1

SECTION I - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL

- a. Authority Public Law 92-367, August 8, 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a National Program of Dam Inspection throughout the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Region. Cahn Engineers, Inc. has been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the State of Connecticut. Authorization and notice to proceed were issued to Cahn Engineers, Inc. under a letter of March 30, 1979 from John P. Chandler, Colonel, Corps of Engineers. Contract No. DACW 33-79-3-0059 has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers for this work.
- b. <u>Purpose of Inspection Program</u> The purposes of the program are to:
 - Perform technical inspection and evaluation of nonfederal dams to identify conditions requiring correction in a timely manner by non-federal interests.
 - Encourage and prepare the States to quickly initiate effective dam inspection programs for non-federal dams.
 - To update, verify and complete the National Inventory of Dams.
- c. Scope of Inspection Program The scope of this Phase I inspection report includes:
 - Gathering, reviewing and presenting all available data as can be obtained from the owners, previous owners, the state and other associated parties.
 - A field inspection of the facility detailing the visual condition of the dam, embankments and appurtenant structures.
 - Computations concerning the hydraulics and hydrology of the facility and its relationship to the calculated flood through the existing spillway.

4. An assessment of the condition of the facility and corrective measures required.

It should be noted that this report does not pass judgement on the safety or stability of the dam other than on a visual basis. The inspection is to identify those features of the dam which need corrective action and/or further study.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

- a. <u>Location</u> The dam is located on a tributary to the West River (referred to as Silver Brook on Connecticut state highway plans) in an urban area of the Town of West Haven, County of New Haven, State of Connecticut. The dam is shown on the U.S.G.S. New Haven Quandrangle Map as having coordinates latitude N 41 18.3' and longitude W 72 58.3'.
- Description of Dam and Appurtenances The 182 foot long dam consists of two main sections. The upstream part is an earthfill dam built in 1862 which has a slope of approximately 1.5 horizontal to 1 vertical with riprap on its face. The downstream part, built in 1900, is a sandstone masonry gravity section with an 8 foot wide top and 20 foot wide bot-The upstream face of the masonry section is vertical, and was covered with cement mortar and two coats of Portland cement grout. The downstream face of the masonry section has an inclination of I horizontal to 3 vertical. The space between the two sections was filled with a well compacted clayey earth. The dam is founded on bedrock and has a length of 182 feet from the left abutment to the right edge of the spillway wall. The dam has a height of 26+ feet and a top width of 26 to 36 feet. The water level in the lake is maintained by flow from the upper Maltby lakes, which in turn are supplied from the Wepawaug Reservoir, via the Wepawaug Tunnel which flows to Maltby Lake No. 3.

The spillway is a 21.5 foot long stone masonry structure at the right side of the dam. It has a rectangular broadcrested weir with 4 feet of freeboard between its crest and the top of the dam. The spillway bridge has 2.8 feet of clearance from the top of the weir. The spillway discharge channel is a 10 foot wide, 3 foot deep trough with concrete walls having a stone coping. The channel leads to a 10'x5.1' concrete arch culvert which runs under Route 34, immediately downstream of the dam.

The outlets, near the center of the dam, consist of a 16 inch supply main with an intake structure at the upstream toe housing two 12 inch inlets with removable screens. The supply is gated at a downstream gate house, from which water is directed to treatment facilities. Approximately 15 feet to the right of the 16 inch pipe is a 10 inch low level outlet with a gate accessible through a manhole approximately 25 feet from the downstream toe. The 10 inch conduit discharges into the same conduit which carries the spillway discharge. In addition, there is a 20 inch pipe which directs water from the upper Maltby Lakes, under the dam to the downstream gate house. The operator stated that all gates are operable.

- c. <u>Size Classification</u> SMALL The dam impounds 260 acre-feet of water with the reservoir level at the top of the dam, which at elevation 137.3 MSL is 26 feet above the old streambed. According to the Recommended Guidelines, this dam is classified as small in size.
- d. <u>Hazard Classification</u> HIGH The dam is located immediately upstream of Connecticut Route 34 and an urbanized commercial and residential section of West Haven near Morris Avenue, Hillside Street, Winfred Street, and Forest Hills Road, which would be in the path of a breach outflow.
 - e. Ownership New Haven Water Co.
 90 Sargent Drive
 New Haven, Ct. 06511
 Mr. Jack Reynolds (203) 624-6671
 - f. Operator Mr. Carl Benkson New Haven Water Co. (203) 387-3930
 - g. Purpose of Dam Public water supply.
- h. Design and Construction History The following information is believed to be accurate based on the plans and correspondence available. The original earth dam was built in 1862 and was acquired in 1876 by the New Haven Water Company with the purchase of the Fair Haven Water Company. The masonry section was built in 1900 by the New Haven Water Company, as engineered by Albert B. Hill and constructed by Charles W. Blakeslee and Sons. The discharge culvert under Route 34 was built in 1932 or shortly thereafter, at which time the stone coping was added to the spillway channel walls.
- i. Normal Operational Procedures The gate on the 16 inch supply pipe is operated as needed for water supply purposes. The low level outlet is opened for several hours at least once each year for flushing. Lake level readings are taken daily.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA

a. <u>Drainage Area</u> - 1.3 square miles of rolling, wooded terrain with some residential development.

b. <u>Discharge at Damsite</u> - Discharge is through a 16 inch supply main and a 10 inch low level outlet.

1. Outlet Works (conduits):

16 inch supply main
@ invert el. 118.3+

10 inch low level outlet @ el. 118+

2. Max. known flood @
 damsite:

Unknown

3. Ungated spillway capacity @ top of dam el. 137.3:

520 cfs. (does not includes swale over-flow)

4. Ungated spillway capacity @ test flood el.:

N/A

5. Gated spillway capacity @ normal pool el.:

N/A

6. Gated spillway capacity @ test flood el.:

N/A

7. Total spillway capacity @ test flood el.:

N/A

8. Total project discharge @ test flood el. 137.9:

1220 cfs.

c. <u>Elevations</u> (Feet Above Mean Sea Level = El. MHW + 3.33')

1. Streambed at centerline of dam: 111.3+

2. Maximum tailwater:

N/A

3. Upstream portal invert diversion tunnel:

165⁺ (Invert of discharge to Maltby Lake No. 3)

4. Recreation pool: N/A

5. Full flood control pool: N/A

6.	Spillway crest: El. of lowest swale:	133.3 136.4
7.	Design surcharge (original design):	N/A
8.	Top of dam:	137.3
9.	Test flood design surcharge:	137.9
đ.	Reservoir	
1.	Length of maximum pool:	2200 ft. (Approx.)
2.	Length of recreation pool:	N/A
3.	Length of flood control pool:	N/A
e.	Storage	
1.	Recreation pool:	N/A
2.	Flood control pool:	N/A
3.	Spillway crest pool:	161 acre-ft.
4.	Top of dam:	260 acre-ft.
5.	Test floed pool:	275+ acre-ft.
f.	Reservoir Surface	
1.	Recreation pool:	N/A
2.	Flood control pool:	N/A
3.	Spillway crest:	22.9 acres
4.	Test flood pool:	25+ acres
5.	Top of dam:	25 acres
g.	Dam	
1.	Type:	Earthfill with downstream masonry gravity section
2.	Length:	182' (left abutment to right spillway wall)

3.	Height:	26 [±] ft.
4.	Top width:	26 to 36 ft. (Approx)
5.	Side slopes:	<pre>1.5 H to 1 V (Upstream) 1 H to 3 V (Downstream)</pre>
6.	Zoning:	Clayey material placed between upstream earth and downstream stone sections
7.	Impervious core:	N/A
8.	Cutoff:	N/A
9.	Grout curtain:	N/A
10.	Other:	N/A
h.	Diversion and Regulating Tunnel	- N/A
i.	Spillway	
1.	Type:	Broad-crested rectangular masonry weir
2.	Length of weir:	21.5 ft.
3.	Crest elevation:	133.3
4.	Gates:	None
5.	Upstream channel:	4H to 1V
6.	Downstream channel:	10'x3' discharge channel to culvert under Conn. Rte. 34
7.	General:	N/A
j.	Regulating Outlets	
1.	Invert:	118.3+
2.	Size:	16" and 10" diameter pipes

- 3. Description:
- 4. Control Mechanism:
- 5. Other:

16" supply main 10" low level outlet

Valve at downstream gatehouse (16" pipe) and valve at downstream manhole near toe (10" pipe)

20" pipe under dam to downstream gatehouse from upper Maltby Lakes

SECTION 2: ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN

- a. Available Data The available data consists of drawings and records by the State of Connecticut D.E.P., Albert B. Hill, Blair and Marchant, and the New Haven Water Co. (See Appendix B)
- b. <u>Design Features</u> The drawings and records indicate the design features stated previously herein.
- c. <u>Design Data</u> There were no engineering values, assumptions, test results, or calculations available for the 1862 construction of the earth dam or the 1900 construction of the masonry section.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION

- a. Available Data Descriptions are available of the procedure used to build the downstream stone section while incorporating the upstream earth section into the dam. (See Appendix B) No other construction data was obtained.
- b. <u>Construction Considerations</u> As-built drawings are not available.

2.3 OPERATIONS

Lake level readings are taken daily. To our knowledge, the dam spillway capacity has never been exceeded. No other formal operation records are known to exist.

2.4 EVALUATION

- a. Availability Existing data was provided by the Owner and by the State of Connecticut D.E.P. The owner made the facility available for visual inspection.
- b. Adequacy The limited amount of detailed engineering data available was generally inadequate to perform an in-depth assessment of the dam, therefore, the final assessment of this dam must be based primarily on visual inspection, performance history, hydraulic computations and approximate hydrologic judgements.
- c. Validity A comparison of records data and visual observation reveals that the as-built condition of the dam differs from that portrayed on the existing plans of the dam by Albert B. Hill. The major difference appears to be in the configuration of the spillway and the fact that it is 21.5 feet long, rather then 30 feet long as portrayed on the existing plans.

SECTION 3: VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings

- a. General The general condition of the dam is good. Inspection did reveal some areas requiring attention. The reservoir level was at elevation 133.4 at the time of our inspection, and the weather was sunny, warm and dry.
- b. Dam Crest The crest of the dam has a grass cover with a service road along its center line (Photo 1). The downstream portion of the crest is an 8 foot wide stone masonry section (Photo 2). No misalignment, depressions or cracks were observed along the dam crest. There was a low swale area on the natural ridge approximately 265 feet to the right of the spillway, which at elevation 136.4, would allow water from the reservoir to overflow 0.9 feet before the lake level reaches the top of the dam.

Upstream Slope - The upstream slope has an inclination of 1.5 horizontal to 1 vertical and is covered with hand placed riprap. No significant loss of riprap or instability was noted during the inspection.

Downstream Slope - The downstream slope of the dam is the rubble masonry gravity section with a downstream face inclination of 1 horizontal to 3 vertical. The vertical upstream face of the masonry section was covered with a cement mortar coating and then had two coats of Portland cement grout brushed on when constructed. The downstream masonry face of the dam has some minor cracks along masonry joints with evidence of lime efflorescence (Photo 2). Some vines were observed on the lower portion of the slope. There are areas of runoff erosion along the toe of the left abutment where there is no erosion protection (Photo 2). The downstream slope of the earth embankment to the right of the spillway is steep and covered with wood chips for erosion protection (Photo 3). It was not apparent whether this area was a portion of the dam, and it showed no signs of erosion or instability.

Spillway - The 21.5 foot long spillway is a stone masonry broad-crested rectangular weir with 4 feet of freeboard between its crest and the top of the dam. The spillway is spanned by a bridge which has a 2.8 foot high clearance from the top of the weir (Photo 3). The spillway is generally in good condition. Some minor deterioration was observed on the downstream wingwalls. The dam operator said there are several seepage spots on the spillway face which can be seen during the dry season. Some leakage at the spillway base was noted also by maintenance personnel in May, 1964 according to existing correspondence. During a preliminary inspection performed on April 17, 1979, at a time when water was not flowing over the spillway, we observed seepage in two

places immediately adjacent downstream of the weir. Seepage was emanating from the right training wall at the bedrock interface, and on the left training wall from the mortar joints between two stone blocks. Seepage flow observed was minor, but steady.

c. Appurtenant Structures - The concrete chamber of the upper gatehouse has no signs of visible cracks or spalling (Photo 1). No substantial rusting was observed on the metal service bridge.

The spillway discharge channel is a 10 foot wide and 3 foot deep open trough with concrete stone coping walls, and leads to a concrete arch culvert under Connecticut Route 34 immediately downstream. Some cracking and spalling of the concrete was observed at the left wall of the channel (Photo 4).

- d. Reservoir Area The reservoir area is bordered on the southeast by Route No. 34, with the exception of a small portion of the lake about 1/2 mile west along Route 34 from the dam. This small portion is on the south side of Route 34 and is joined to the main portion of Maltby Lake No. 1 by a conduit through the roadway embankment. The area directly surrounding the reservoir is wooded and predominantly undeveloped.
- e. <u>Downstream Channel</u> The downstream channel is the natural streambed on the other (southeast) side of Route 34 which flows for a short distance through an urban area of West Haven before being carried within the storm drainage system of West Haven.

The Route 34 roadway immediately downstream of the dam is at the same approximate elevation as the top of the upstream headwall for the spillway discharge conduit under the road. Therefore, when spillway flow exceeds the conduit capacity, water will flow over the roadway with no significant attenuating affect due to the roadway itself.

3.2 Evaluation

Based upon the visual inspection, it was possible to assess the dam as being generally in good condition. The following features which could influence the future condition and/or stability of the dam were identified.

 The deteriorated masonry and concrete surfaces of the spillway and the spillway discharge channel should be repaired to prevent their further deterioration.

- 2. The seepage from the spillway face and spillway channel walls should be monitored periodically for any change in the condition.
- Vegetation, such as vines, at the downstream slope of the masonry section should be removed to avoid deterioration of the masonry.
- 4. Surface erosion along the downstream face of the left abutment should be repaired to prevent further, more serious erosion.
- 5. With the low level outlet pipes gated on the downstream side of the dam, the conduits through the dam are under constant head. This situation is not desireable, and in the future should repair or redesign of the hydraulic facilities take place, consideration should be given to the installation of gates on the upstream side of the dam.

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SECTION 4: OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 Regulating procedures

Operating procedures consist of regulating the flow through the 16 inch main supply line as necessary for water supply purposes. The low level outlet is opened for several hours once per year for flushing. The level of all three Maltby Lakes is maintained by regulating flow into Maltby Lake No. 3 via the Wepawaug Tunnel, from Wepawaug Reservoir. Lake level readings are taken daily.

4.2 Maintenance of the Dam

Grass on and around the dam is cut regularly. Debris is removed from the spillway channel and intake screeens are cleaned as needed.

Three years ago the New Haven Water Company instituted a yearly program of inspection of all their dams including Maltby Lake Dam No. 1, by a consultant competent in the field of dam inspections.

4.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities

Gate operating mechanisms are maintained on an as-needed basis. The low level outlet is opened once per year for several hours for flushing.

4.4 Description of any Formal Warning System in Effect

No formal warning system is in effect. The operator reports any emergencies to his supervisor.

4.5 Evaluation

The operation and maintenance procedures are generally good; however, there are some areas requiring improvement. A formal program of operations and maintenance procedures should be implemented, including documentation to provide complete records for future reference. Also, a formal warning system should be developed and implemented within the time frame indicated in Section 7.1c. Remedial operations and maintenance recommendations are presented in Section 7.

SECTION 5: HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC

5.1 Evaluation of Features

a. General - The Maltby Lake No. 1 watershed includes the drainage areas of Maltby Lakes No. 2 and 3 located immediately upstream, and the tunnel diversion to Maltby Lake No. 3 from Wepawaug and Trout Brooks. As reported by the New Haven Water Company, the diversion from Wepawaug Reservoir is gated at the tunnel inlet. The diversion from Trout Brook is gated at its junction with the Wepawaug Tunnel. As both diversions are controlled and could be closed to Maltby Lake No. 3 as part of the emergency operational procedures, flow from these diversions will not be considered in our hydraulic/hydrologic analysis of Maltby Lake Dam No. 1.

The peak inflow to Maltby Lake No. 1 is regulated by Maltby Lake Dams No. 2 and 3. Approximate routing of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) and the 1/2 PMF peak inflows has demonstrated that the regulating effect on the peak inflow of the two upstream Maltby Lakes is relatively small and, therefore, it will not be considered in the analysis.

The terrain to the right of the dam rises and falls along a natural ridge forming a series of swales, one of which, located 265 feet to the right of the spillway, may be low enough to allow water from the reservoir to overflow at an elevation up to 0.9 feet below the top of the dam elevation (See Appendix D-7). Spillway capacity for this dam was determined both with and without overflow through the swale; the case considered appropriate for this dam will not include overflow from the swale, as it is a condition which should be corrected.

- b. <u>Design Data</u> No hydraulic/hydrologic design data could be found for the original dam construction in 1862 or for the construction of the dam to its present configuration in 1900.
- c. Experience Data No information on serious problem situations arising at the dam was found, and it does not appear the dam has been overtopped.
- d. <u>Visual Observations</u> The wooden bridge spanning the spillway is supported by four steel beams which are approximately 2.8 feet above the spillway crest, and 1.2 feet below the top of the dam. During heavy flows approaching the top of the dam, the low bridge beams could retain large floating debris and cause an obstruction of the spillway.

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The bar screen over the entrance to the spillway discharge culvert immediately downstream of the dam also could easily retain debris and obstruct the flow to the culvert. While this would back up flow at the toe of the dam, its effect on the stability of the dam or the flow over the spillway would be negligible.

- e. Test Flood Analysis The test flood for this high hazard, small size dam is equivalent to the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Based upon "Preliminary Guidance for Estimating Maximum Probable Discharge," dated March, 1978, peak inflow to the reservoir is 1450 cfs (Appendix D-5); peak outflow is 1220 cfs with the dam overtopped 0.6 feet (Appendix D-13). Based upon our hydraulic computations, the spillway capacity is 520 cfs (not including overflow from a natural swale about 265 feet to the right of the spillway) which is approximately 43% of the routed Test Flood outflow. The spillway capacity including the swale overflow would be 590 cfs, or approximately 48% of the routed Test Flood outflow.
- f. Dam Failure Analysis Utilizing the April 1978 "Rule of Thumb Guidance for Estimating Downstream Dam Failure Hydrographs", the peak failure outflow from the dam breaching would be 14,100 cfs. A breach of the dam would result in a flood depth of 11 feet immediately downstream of the dam which would submerge the adjacent portion of Route 34, and a flood depth outside the stream channel of 4 feet above the ground at the initial impact area (See Appendix D-16), which is an urbanized section of West Haven near Morris Avenue, Hillside Street, Winfred Street, and Forest Hills Road.

SECTION 6: STRUCTURAL STABILITY

ANNON TERESTORIE TRESLOS (SINGERS) NOTOCOS (SINGERS) AND CONTRACTOR CONTRACTO

6.1 Evaluation of Structural Stability

- a. <u>Visual Observation</u> The visual inspection did not reveal any indications of stability problems. There are some areas of cracking, spalling and seepage at the gravity masonry section of the dam spillway and spillway discharge channel, as described in Section 3, however they are not considered stability concerns.
- b. <u>Design and Construction Data</u> The limited amount of design and construction data is not sufficient to permit an in-depth analysis of the stability of the dam.
- c. Operating Records The operating records do not include any indication of dam instability since its construction in 1900 or since subsequent modifications have been performed.
- d. <u>Post-Construction Changes</u> There are no records available concerning the post-construction changes of the dam. However, there are two drawings showing that the stone coping of the spillway channel walls and modification of the culvert under the Route 34 were implemented in 1932. These changes have no effect on the stability of the dam.
- e. <u>Seismic Stability</u> The dam is in Seismic Zone 1 and according to the Recommended Guidelines, need not be evaluated for seismic stability.

SECTION 7: ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 Dam Assessment

a. Condition - Based upon the visual inspection of the site and its past performance, the dam appears to be in good condition. No evidence of structural instability was observed in the dam and its appurtenances. The embankment is generally in good condition. There are some areas requiring attention, such as project discharge capacity and maintenance items.

Based upon "Preliminary Guidance for Estimating Maximum Probable Discharge" dated March, 1978, peak inflow to the esservoir is 1450 cubic feet per second; peak outflow is 1220 tubic feet per second with the dam overtopped 0.6 feet. Based upon our hydraulics computations, the spillway capacity is 520 cubic feet per second, (not including the swale overflow) which is equivalent to approximately 43% of the routed Test Flood outflow.

- b. Adequacy of Information The information available is such that an assessment of the condition and stability of the dam must be based solely on visual inspection, past performance of the dam, and sound engineering judgement.
- c. <u>Urgency</u> It is recommended that the measures presented in Section 7.2 and 7.3 be implemented with two years of the owner's receipt of this report.
- d. Need for Additional Information There is a need for more information as recommended in Section 7.2.

7.2 Recommendations

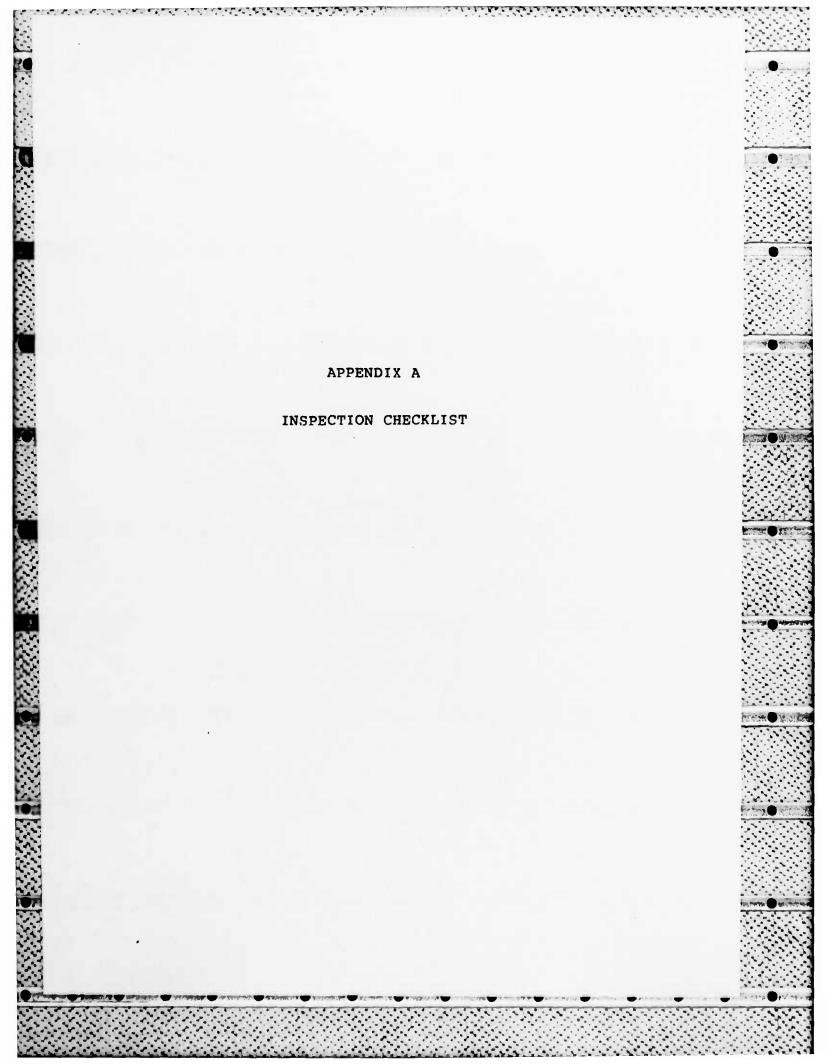
- 1. Based upon the computations in Appendix D, the dam spillway capacity will be exceeded by the Test Flood. More sophisticated flood routing should be undertaken by hydrologists/hydraulics engineers to refine the spillway design flood figures. A study should be undertaken to determine the spillway capacity and potential for overtopping. Recommendations should be made by the engineer and implemented by the owner to increase the project discharge capacity based upon the refined spillway design flood figures.
- 2. A registered professional engineer qualified in dam design should develop recommendations to raise the elevation of the swale, located 265 feet to the right of the spillway to the elevation of the top of the dam. This would prevent flow from the swale under high water conditions, which would cross Route 34 and cause flooding in the urbanized area of West Haven immediately downstream.

7.3 Remedial Measures

- a. Operation and Mainterance Procedures ~ The following measures should be undertaken within the time frame indicated in Section 7.1c, and continued on a regular basis.
- 1. Round-the-clock surveillance should be provided by the owner during periods of unusually heavy precipitation. The owner should develop a formal warning system with local officials for alerting downstream residents in case of an emergency.
- 2. A formal program of operation and maintenance procedures should be instituted and fully documented to provide accurate records for future reference.
- 3. The New Haven Water Company has instituted a yearly program of technical inspection of all their dams, including Maltby Lake No. 1, by a consultant competent in the field of dam inspection. This program, in effect for 3 years, should be continued and should include the operation of the low level outlet works.
- 4. The cracking and spalling of the concrete and masonry of the gravity section of the dam, the downstream face of the spillway and the spillway diversion channel walls should be repaired.
- 5. Any seepage on the downstream face or training walls of the spillway and its channel walls should be monitored periodically.
- 6. The cutting of grass on the crest and the toe of the dam should be continued as part of the routine dam maintenance. Any vegetation on the downstream face of the masonry section of the dam should be removed.
- 7. Erosion of the downstream face of the left abutment should be repaired, and the appropriate measures taken to prevent further erosion.
- 8. The diversions into Maltby Lake No. 3 from Wepawaug Reservoir and Trout Brook should be closed during major storms as part of the emergency operating procedures for the Maltby Lake Dams.

7.4 Alternatives

This study has identified no practical alternatives to the above recommendations.



VISUAL INSPECTION CHECK LIST PARTY ORGANIZATION

		TIME:					
		WEATH	ER:_	SUN	NY.	70°	 -
		W.S.	ELEV	•		·	_DN.S
PARTY:	INITIALS:			DIS	CIPL	NE:	
1. PETER M. HEYNEN	PMH			CAHI	V ENG	HNEERS	, INC
2. CALVIN R. GOLDSMITH							"
3. MIRON PETROVSKY						//	
4. GEORGE STEPHENS						*	
5. CARL BENGSTON	C B			NEW	HAV	EN WA	TER C
6							
PROJECT FEATURE		INSP	ECTED	BY		REMARI	<u>KS</u>
1. EARTH DAM EMBANKMENT		PMH	CRG	MP.	GS	CB	
2. SPILL WAY AND CHANNE	. L.S		//		"		
3. UPPER AND LOWER GATE HO					8	11	
4. METAL SERVICE BRIDE	GE	"		"			
5							
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9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
10			•		·		
11		-					
12							

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECK LIST

PROJECT MALTBY LAKE DAM No. 1 DATE MAY 1, 1979

Page A-2

PROJECT FEATURE FARTHFILL DAM WITH DOWNSTREAMBY PMH, CRG, MPGS, CO MASONRY GRAVITY SECTION

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
COM EMBANKMENT	
rest Elevation	137,3±
Current Pool Elevation	
Maximum Impoundment to Date	N/A
Surface Cracks	NONE OBSERVED
Pavement Condition	N/A
Movement or Settlement of Crest	NONE OBSERVED
Lateral Movement	NONE OBSERVED
Vertical Alignment	NONE OBSERVED
Horizontal Alignment	NONE OBSERVED
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures	Good
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	NONE OBSERVED
Prespassing on Slopes	None
Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments	NONE OBSERVED
Rock Slope Protection-Riprap Failures	NONE OBSERVED
Unusual Movement or Cracking at or Near Toes	NONE OBSERVED
Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage	NONE OBSERVED
Piping or Boils	NONE OBSERVED
Foundation Drainage Features	N/A
Toe Drains	N/A
Instrumentation System	N/A

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECK LIST

PROJECT MALTBY LAKE DAM No. / DATE MAY 1, 1979

PROJECT FEATURE UPPER GATEHUUSE BY PMH, CRG, MP, GS, CB

Page A-3

	AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUT a)	LET WORKS-CONTROL TOWER Concrete and Structural	BRICK STRUCTURE ON CONCRETE CHAMBER
	General Condition	GOOD
	Condition of Joints	NONE OBSERVED
	Spalling	NONE OBSERVED
	Visible Reinforcing	NONE OBSERIED
	Rusting or Staining of Concrete	NONE OBSERVED
	Any Seepage or Efflorescence	NONE CASERKED
	Joint Alignment	NONE OBSERVED
	Unusual Seepage or Leaks in Gate Chamber	NOT OBSERVED
	Cracks	NONE OBSERVED
	Rusting or Corrosion of Steel	NOT OBSERVED
b)	Mechanical and Electrical	NOT OBSERVED
	Air Vents	
	Float Wells	
	Crane Hoist	
	Elevator	
	Hydraulic System	
	Service Gates	
	Emergency Gates	
	Lightning Protection System	
	Emergency Power System	
	Wiring and Lighting System	

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECK LIST

PROJECT MALTBY LAKE DAM No. 1 DATE MAY 1, 1979

PROJECT FEATURE LOW LEVEL PITES BY PMH, CRG, MP, GS, CB

Page A-A

AREA EVALUATED

CONDITION

OUTLET WORKS-TRANSITION AND CONDUIT

General Condition of Concrete/

Rust or Staining on Concrete

Spalling

Erosion or Cavitation

Cracking

Alignment of Monoliths

Alignment of Joints

Numbering of Monoliths

Two 16" and 10" DIAMETER METAL PIPES THROUGH DAM. NOT ABLE TO OBSERVE CONDUITS HOWEVER THE OPERATOR SAID THAT ALL CONDUITS ARE OPER-ABLE BY GATES AT D/S SATEHOUSE (16" PIPE) AND TOE MANHOLE (10"PIPE)

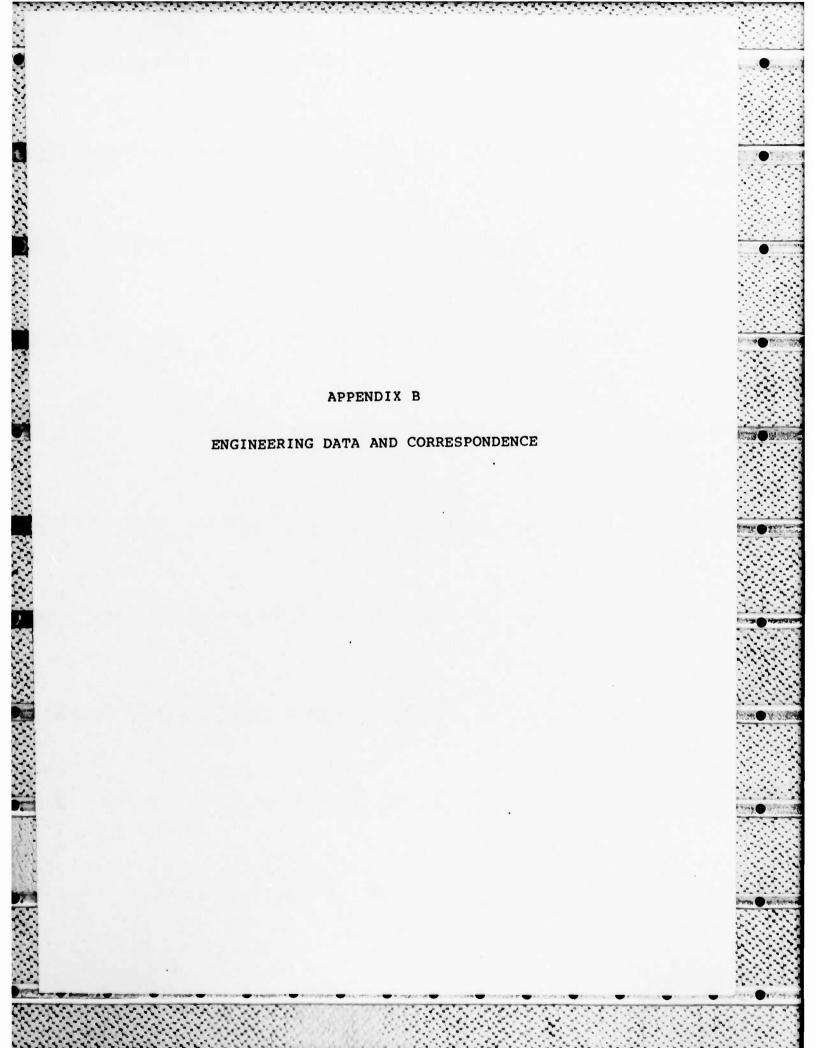
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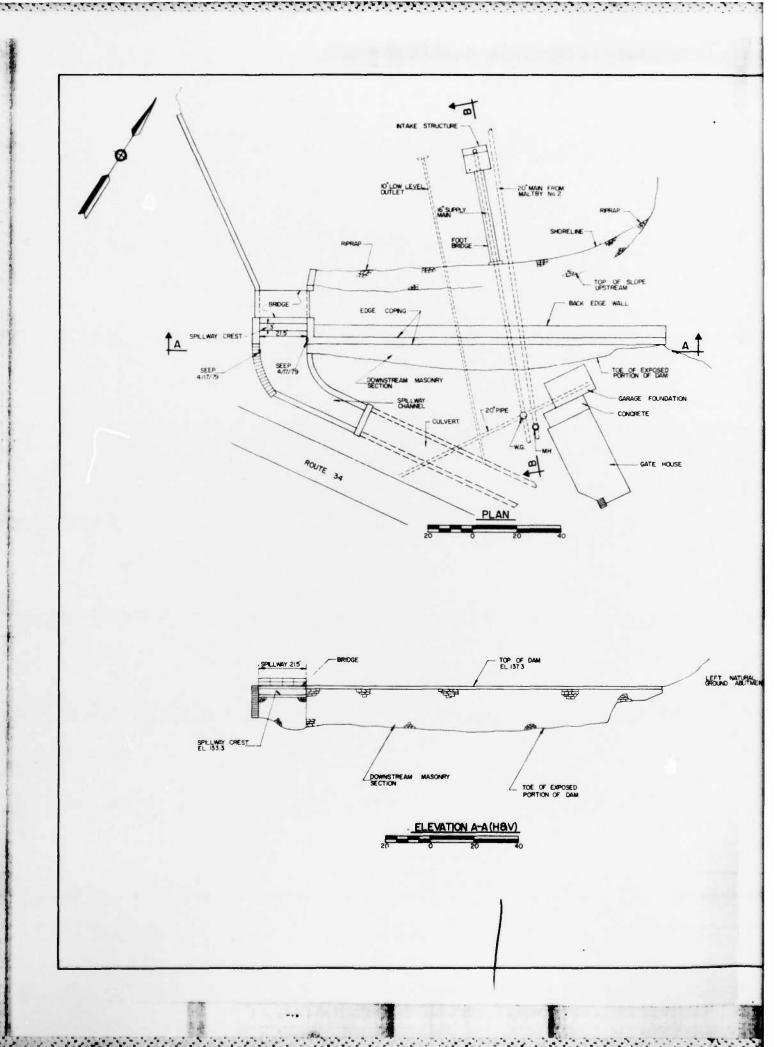
PROJECT MALTBY LAKE DAM No. 1 DATE MAY 1, 1979

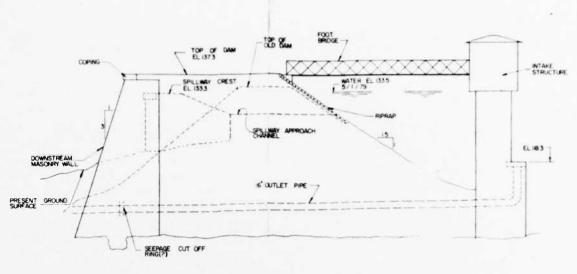
Page A-5

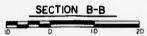
PROJECT FEATURE SPILLWAY AND SHANNELS BY PMH, CRG, MP. GS, CB

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS-SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS	
a) Approach Channel	STONE MASONRY CHANNEL
General Condition	GOOD
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	NONE
Trees Overhanging Channel	NONE
Floor of Approach Channel	NOT OBSERVED (UNDER WATER)
b) Weir and Training Walls	STONE MASONRY SPILLWAY
General Condition of Concrete	GOOD
Rust or Staining	NOT OBSERVED
Spalling	MINOR DISTRESSES OF TRAINING
Any Visible Reinforcing	NONE
Any Seepage of Efflorescence	MINOR SEEPAGE FROM RIGHT TRAIL
Drain Holes	N/A
c) <u>Discharge Channel</u>	CONCRETE WALL TRAY
General Condition	GOOD, SOME SPALLING AT LEFT WALL
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	NONE
Trees Overhanging Channel	NONE
Floor of Channel	GOOD, HAND PLACED STONE
Other Obstructions	NONE









- 3 THE PLAN WAS COMPLED FROM EXISTING PLANS ENTITLED "PLAN FOR REBUILDING MALTRY DAM NO.] BY ALBERT HILL, CLLVERT FOR SPILLWAY CHANNEL MALTRY LAKE NO.! BY BLAF B MARCHANT DATED MARCH 1932, TWO LINTITLED AND LINDIATED PLANS AND FROM ROUGH FIELD MEASUREMENTS. DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE AND NOT ALL STRUCTURAL AND/OR TOPOGRAPHE FEATURES. ARE IDENTIFIED
- 2 ELEVATIONS SHOWN ARE BASED ON THE MEAN SEA LEVEL DATUM ELEVATIONS SHOWN WERE CONVERTED FROM THE MEAN HIGH WATER DATUM SHOWN ON THE ORIGINAL PLANS, WHICH IS APPROXIMATELY 3.3 FEET ABOVE THE MEAN SEA LEVEL DATUM.

CHOUND ABUTMENT

CAMN ENGINEERS INC. U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DIV NEW ENGLAND CORPS OF ENGINEERS
ENGINEER WALTHAM, MASS

NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF NON-FED. DAMS

PLAN, ELEVATION AND SECTION MALTBY LAKE DAM No.1

TR-WEST RIVER

WEST HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

DINNIN BY CHECKED BY APPROVED BY SCALE AS NOTED
H N STAC HAH DATE LANE 1979 SHEET 8-1

2

LIST OF EXISTING PLANS

"New Haven Water Co., Plan for Rebuilding Maltby No. 1 Dam." Albert B. Hill, Consulting Engineer 1901

"New Haven Water Co., Culvert for Spillway Channel, Maltby Lake No. 1."
Blair and Marchant, Inc.
March, 1932

"New Haven Water Co. Spillway Channel - Maltby Lake No. 1, Plan of Sandstone Coping" Blair and Marchant, Inc. June, 1932

"New Haven Water Co., Contour Map, Area North of Maltby Lake No. 1"
April, 1941, rev. March, 1946

SUMMARY OF DATA AND CORRESPONDENCE

PAGE	B-3	B-4	B-6
SUBJECT	Inventory Data	Statistics on Dams	Storage curve for lake
FROM	Water Resources Commission Supervision of Dams	New Haven Water co.	New Haven Water co.
2	Files	Files	Files
DATE	May 21, 1964	Aug. 1974	

NEW HAVEN WATER COMPANY

NAME OF DAM Malthy Dam No. 1

TYPE A gravity section, masonry dam of rubble masonry with cut stone facing with an upstream earth embankment and gate-house at toe of the embankment reached by a steel bridge. A cement mortar coating was placed on the upstream face of this masonry section. Two good coats of Portland cement grout were brushed on the mortar coating.

LOCATION In West Haven, Connecticut on the north side of Derby Avenue (State Highway No. 34) and approximately 3,200 feet east of the Orange-West Haven town line.

SUPPLY SYSTEM Maltby

DATE OF CONSTRUCTION

ORIGINAL 1900

OTHER This dam replaced a smaller, lower dam of earth built in 1862 which was acquired in 1876 by purchase of the Fair Haven Water Company. Somewhat upstream from the new masonry constructed in 1900, it was incorporated within the upstream embankment of the dam built in 1900 by N. H. Water Co. The space between the upstream face of the gravity masonry section and the downstream slope of this old 1862 earth dam was filled with "clayey earth, bonded into the old material, and thoroughly rammed." ENGINEER CONTRACTOR

1900 - Albert B. Hill

Charles W. Blakeslee & Sons

	Eleva	ation	Length (Ft.)	Miscellaneous
CREST	134	MHW	±240	Includes spillway
SPILLWAY	130	MHW	30	
AXIS OF BO.	115	MHW	Axis of	lowest intake
BED OF RIVER	±108	MHW	-	
DEEPEST FOUNDATION	N ±97	MHW		

DATE August 1974

NEW HAVEN WATER COMPANY

Maltby Dam No. 1 Name of Dam 26 feet HEIGHT FROM BED OF BROOK 37 feet HEIGHT FROM DEEPEST FOUNDATION 8 feet Masonry section TOP WIDTH 20 feet MAXIMUM WIDTH AT BOTTOM Masonry section Vertical UPSTREAM SLOPE Masonry section Masonry section 4 Hor. on 12 Ver. DOWNSTREAM SLOPE 4 feet FREE BOARD - SPILLWAY TO CREST

- SPILLWAY TO TOP OF COREWALL

MISCELLANEOUS DATA

Masonry section founded on ledge rock.

Studies and borings have been made for a proposed reservoir north of Route No. 34 (Derby Avenue) on Race Brook which would flow into the Wepawaug Tunnel which flows to the Maltby Lakes.

WATERSHED TRIBUTARY TO:

Wepawaug 7.8

UPSTREAM DAMS

Trout Brook Div. 0.8= 8.6 Sq. Mi.

THIS DAM Includes watersheds of Maltby No.2&3 1.2 Sq. Mi.

TOTAL WATERSHED TRIBUTARY TO THIS DAM 9.8 Sq. Mi.

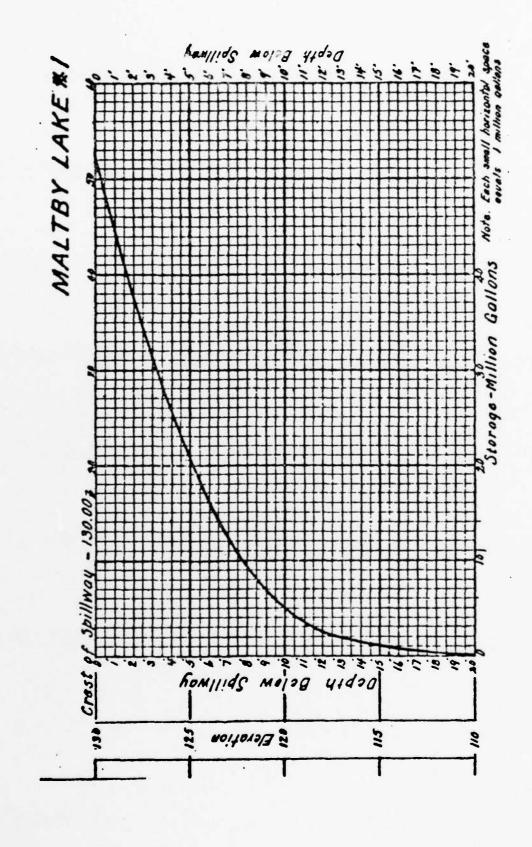
RESERVOIR AREA AT FLOW LINE 22.9 Acres

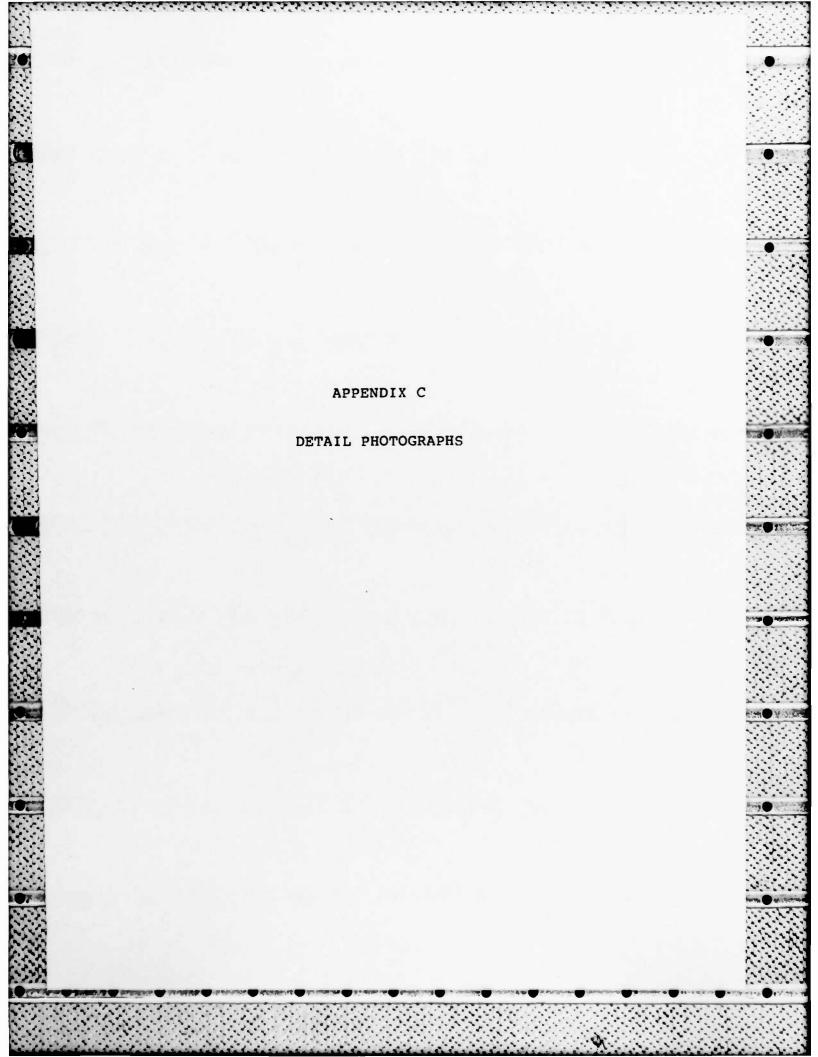
RESERVOIR CAPACITY AT FLOW LINE

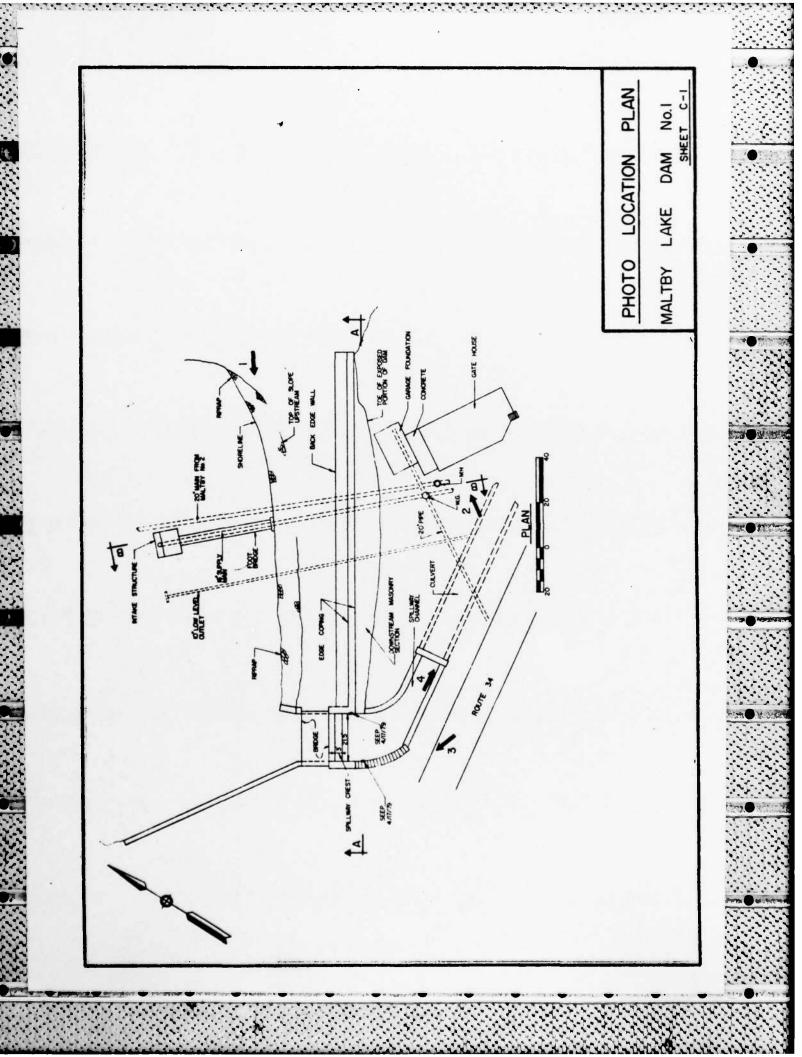
RESERVOIR USABLE CAPACITY (To Lowest Outlet) 51 Mil. Gal.

UPSTREAM DAMS Wepawaug Dam; Trout Brook Diversion (these flow to Maltby Reservoir No. 3 via the Wepawaug Tunnel); Maltby Dam No. 2; and Maltby Dam No. 3.

DOWNSTREAM DAMS None







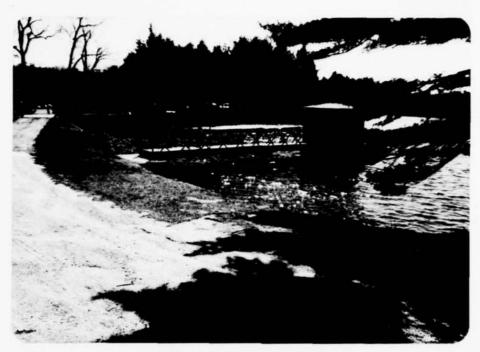


PHOTO 1 - Upstream face of dam as seen from left abutment.

Note intake structure and metal service bridge.



PHOTO 2 - Left abutment and downstream face of dam.
Note efflorescence from stone block masonry.

US ARMY ENGINEER DIV. NEW ENGLAND CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALTHAM, MASS.

CAHN ENGINEERS INC. WALLINGFORD, CONN. ENGINEER NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF NON-FED. DAMS Maltby Lake #1 Dam

Tr - West River

West Haven, Connecticut

CE# 27 660 KA

DATE May '79 PAGE C-1



PHOTO 3 - Right abutment and spillway crest.



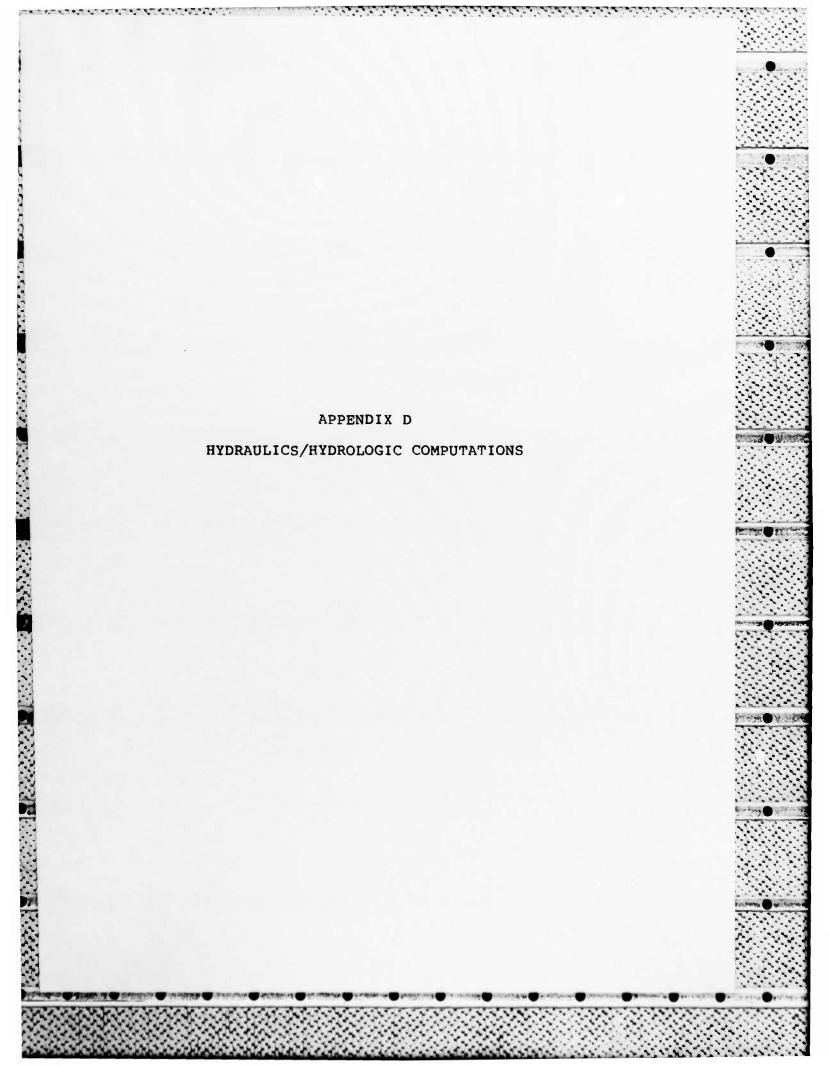
PHOTO 4 - Entrance to culvert under road located near toe of dam. Note cracking and spalling of sides of concrete spillway channel.

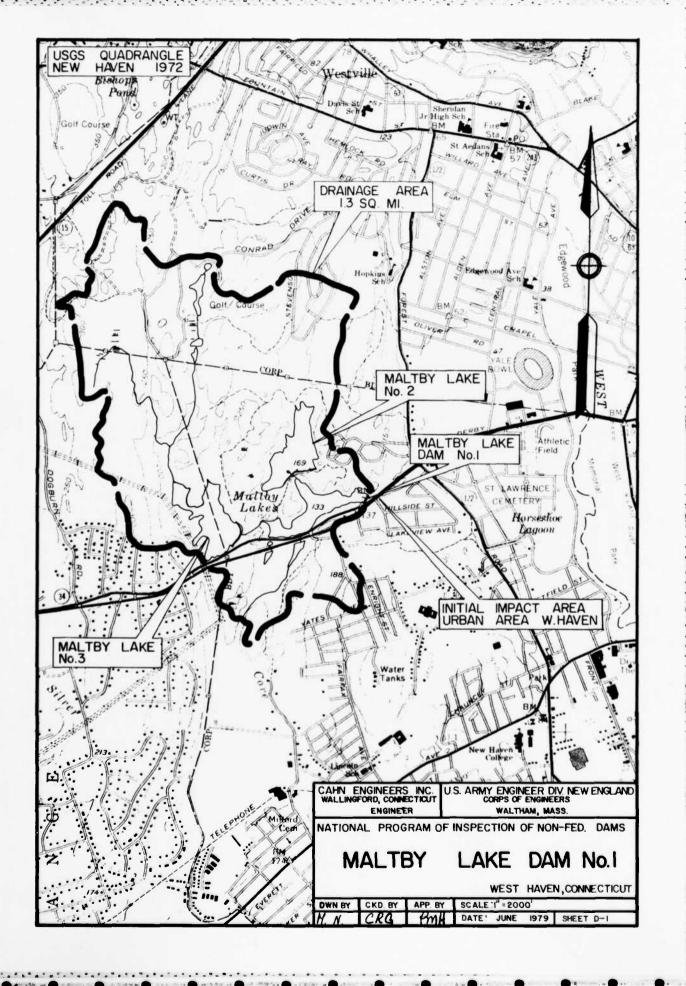
US ARMY ENGINEER DIV. NEW ENGLAND CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALTHAM, MASS.

CAHN ENGINEERS INC. WALLINGFORD, CONN. ENGINEER NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF NON-FED. DAMS

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Maltby Lake #1 Dam
Tr.- West River
West Haven, Connectiuct
CE# 27 660 KA
DATE May '79 PAGE C-2





y Hey	CTION OF NOW-FEDERAL DAMS IN NEW ENGLIND Sheet D-1 of 16 Checked By CRG Date 6/4/79	
Ref	Other Refs. CE#27-660-KA Revisions	
HUDE	OLOGIC / HYDRAULIC JUSPECTION	
HALT	BY LAKE DAM #1. NEVT HAVEN, CT.	
I) PE	RFORMANCE AT TEST FLORD CONDITIONS	
		PET AN
1)	MAXIMUM PROBABLE FROD	
2-		
	a) WATERSHED CLASSIFIED AS "ROLLING" TO FLAT"	
		100 AS
	6) NATERINED AREA	
-		
	THE MACTEY LAKE #1 WATERSED INCLUDES THE DEMINAGE	
•	SAFES OF MACTEY LAKES #2 AND #3, NINCH ALE CICATED	
	JUST JAMEDIATECK YS, AND THE TUNNEL DIVERNON TO	
	MALTBY LAKE \$3 FROM THE WEPAWAUG AND TROUT	
-	BROOKS	
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	GATED AT THE TUNNEL INCET AND THEREFORE IT CAN BE	
a a mula par 100	CLOSED TO MALTBY #3 AS A PART OF THE OPERATIONAL PROCE.	
	DURES OF AN EMERGENCY WARNING SYSTEM. THEREFORE, FROM	
-!	THIS ANECYSIS.	2.00
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	TION WITH THE DEPARTS TUNNEL (N. N. W. C. DWG. NO. 90107 PATED JON.	
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	BE AMUNED HONEYER THAT THE DIVERSION CAN BE CONTROLLED AND	
	THERE FORE JT WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED IN THE MINCHES.	
		9,000
	* AS REPORTED BY THE NEW HONEN WATER CO. TO C.E. (G. STENENS) ON 6/4/79	

By 4600	Checked By CRG Date	6/20/19
Ref	Other Refs. CE # 27-600 KA Revisions.	
Ket	Officer ners.	
HAUBY LAN	15 DAM #1	
1.6- Cont'd) MAXIMUM PROBABLE THOO. WATERSHED	AREA
MALTE	Y LAKE #1 IS CROSSED BY THE STATE BY	#34
	SEPARATES TWO RECATIVELY SHALL PORTE	
	RESERVOIR TOWARDS THE RIGHT OF THE DAY	
1	END). THE THEREDANECTION BETWEEN TO	
	AND THE MAIN PORTION OF THE RESERVOIN	
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FUOTAL	R. THE POTENTIAL OF THIS CONNECTION AS	del delicurado
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1	Y OR ANY OTHER EFFECT THAT THE SEPARAT	
,	RESERVOIR AND/OR DIVERSION HAY HAVE OR	
	PEAK OUTFLOW AND SURCHARGE WILL NOT	
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ct NO.	N- FEDERAL DI	AMS INSPECTION		Sheet 23 of 16
ited By	HUL	Checked By Officer	16,	Date 6/20/79
Book Re		Other Refs. C57	#37-662-KA	Revisions
1 1				
٠	1			9
/	NALTBY LAKE	DAM #1		
n Bu				
	6- Carrid) MAXIA	WIM PROBABLE FLO.	OD - WATERSHED AR	E
			77 (c) 48	
	() TOTAL	2A = 1.29 Sq.mu	(W/o WEPANSAIR + TH	POUT BY. DIV. OF R.6 Sami)
			Co	ISGS HANTFORD & N.H.W.Co.)
	11/ 21/4	ROM MOCTBY LAKE	#2 * NA = A CO	, 50 mi (px)
	(C) D.A. 151	KUM MALIBY LARE	# C . U.A. 7 0.67	
	1110			Symi (an)
	(U)D.A. 75)	FROM MACTER LAKE	#3: D.A. = 0.31	(28)
	iv) DIRECT	DA. TO MALTBY LAKE	\$11 DA. = 0.29	Some (See p. 2 of These Cones)
	Kalama Dama	£ 11000 11.		129 9 mi CE CHECK HEARURE:
4 4	NOTE: UNIA	7104 U.S.4.S. HAILT,	FORD OFFICE: UA-V	STAN () STAN ()
				(DA) = 0.31 9 (DA) = 0.69;
				SHOWS (04) yer = 1.2 59 mi
7	(DA)3=	0.6 spin ; (DA) 2 = 0.3 s	(DA) = 0.3 5	ni
	C) FROM NED	-ACL POFILLULAR	y GUIDAUCE FOR	STIMATING MAX. PROBABLE
			1	FLOW RATES EXTRAPOLA-
		5 = 20 0 mi	JE 1147 - 1242	1200 KATES LETRAPUSA -
	TON TO DA	s = 2.0		6
		2	EC/	
		PMF = 2250 C.	/sami	
1	d) PEAK INA	LOW: PHF = 225	0 x 1.29 = 2900	CERS (TOTAL D.A.)
	Acres 110	THE DEAL THEIR	T. MALTON DA	# 1 IS REGULATED
4				
				TO IT, APROXIMATE
				NS TO THESE RESERVOICS
. ,	HAS DEMON	STRATED THAT THE	REQUETION OF	THE PEAK JNFLOW
				RESERVOIRS REGULA-
				2900 CKS 70(1)2550 CE
				THEREFORE, IT WILL
		WIDEARD IN THE		INCHE , WILL

NON-7	EDERAL DAMS INSPECTION	Sheet 2-4 of 16
	Checked By CPG	Date 6/22/79
Ref	1 200 1	Revisions
	The same of the sa	
4.		
MALT	BY LAKE DAM #1	
- \ -		
2)5/	VICEWAY DESIGN FLOOD (SDF)	
a)	CLASSIFICATION OF DAM ACCORDING TO M	ED-ACE RECONNENDED
	SUIDELINES:	
Permitted and record in the	C) SIXE: STORAGE (MAY) = 260 KC	FT (SO ISKIPPO MEET
	HEIGHT = 26'	
	761647 26	(23 2 11 2 40)
		i
# E 1 *** *** *** *** *** *** *** ***	STORAGE: FROM NEW HOVEN WATER CO. STORAGE	
	AND ELEVATION CURVE: STORAGE TO SPILL	Way CLEST 5=52.5 MG = 161
	ALSO, STARAGE TO LOWEST DUTLET FROM N.H.W.C.	,
	USABLE STORAGE SU = 51 M4: FROM SAME RE	
	LINE: A = 22.9 AC. : ASSUME AVE. NEED	
	A = 25 10 : SURCHANGE STORAGE FROM S	
	(130' MNW) TO TOP OF DAM ELEV. 137.	
	. MOV. STORAGE: SMAX = 160+100 = 2	CO LSBE P. 2 OF MESE COM
NAME OF STREET		terminal of the state of the st
	HEIGHT: FROM SAME DATA SOURCES AS FOR	STORAGE. NATURAL STREAM
	BEO ELFY. (2) 111.3' MSL (108'MHW).	
of the second section of	(i) HAZARD POTENTIAL: MALTRY LAKE	DAM \$1 IS LOCATED JU-
2 U 9	MEDIATELY US FROM RIE \$34 AND T	
	WEST HAVEN NEAR MORRIS AVE. HIL	
	AND FOREST HILLS RD. WHICH WILL BE	
	FAILURE OF THE DAM.	- ALCICI AIT CLICO JAM
	THE VOT.	
# 14-	Every and Company and Market	
NOIS	: ELEVATIONS GIVEN IN NEW HOUSEN WATER	CO COTA ARE NEW HOVE
;	DATUM (MHW)	
	USCOS DATUM (MSC) = NEW HOVEN D	
		(USE +3,3')

N-FEDERAL DAMS			of 16
the state of the s	Checked By		122/79
ef	Other Refs. CE 7 27-6	60-KA Revisions	
to a president of the second control of the	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Section from the second section of the section of t
UNCTBY LAKE DAN	4 #/	desire and the second	
a-Contd) Cassi	FICATION OF DAM ACC	MOING TO NED-ACE GU.	DELINES.
ili) CLOSS 17/C	UTION:		
5	IXE: SHALL		
And the control of th	SEARO: HIGH		
b) SDF = PMF	= 2900 CFS	1/2 PMF = 1450 0	
3) Surcharge A	T PEAK INFLOWS		
a) PEAK INTLO	w: Op = 2900 ars	Q' = 12 PMF = 14	to ors
b) SPILLWAY (0	WIFLOW) RATING CURVE		7
i) Spilway			
MOUTBY.	LAKE DAM #1 SPICEN	MY JE CLASSIFIED A	A BROAD-
	WEIR OF TRAPEZONOM		
	FACE (CONCRETE & STU FST IS 3' BROAD AND		
			LLWAY CEET
	DECK (137.3	ARE AT	ELEN 1333 AN
+ 4'-+	- 9.5' - + 4.5 + 3 +	- EL. 13313' AEL	W) THE RE-
1 1 1 1 1 1	4 Somme	TIBO, WAIN HAINDE	12 0.5 TO
1	STONE 5		8'ANG AT THE
June 3	TOWE PAUED MASONRY	SIDE KU	
			PPING YS
PORTION	OF THE WEIR IS GEO.	SEP OVER BY + BR	DE WITH

hn	Engineers Inc. Consulting Engine	ers
NON- F	EDERAL DAMS INSPECTION Sheet 16 of 16	
By Hel		
ok Ref	Other Refs. CE # 27-600-KA Revisions	
and the second second second		a naj tironamonoso o
MACT	BY LAKE DAM #1	
3.6-	CONTA) OUTFLOW RATING CURVE	
		1 2
	THE SPILLWAY DISCHARGES JATO A CHANNER & CULVERT SYSTEM	
	WHICH CARRIES THE FLOW FIRST, PARALLEL AND LATER ACROSS	-
	RTE 34. THE CHANNEL AND CULVERT HEADINGL ARE LOW	
an artispeggenet to a set a real	WITH RESPECT TO THE SPILLWAY CLEST AND THERE FORE WILL NO	7
	INTERFERE WITH THE SPILLINGY DISCHARGE, EVEN IF THEIR CAPACITY	_
	IS EXCEEDED. (DATA FROM N. H. W. CO. DRAWNES AND C. E. FIELD SUR	-
	AND OBSERVATIONS)	
Bergeral (special) Province (St. Pr. 9) Sec		
	ASSUME A SPILLAMY DISCHARGE COEFFICIENT C=30 . IT IS	
,		
	CONSIDER FO THAT THIS COEFFICIENT ACCOUNTS FOR THE INTER-	
anarakkan s _a agatina ili ali sistema	FERENCE THAT THE BRIDGE DECK / RALLING MAY OPPOSE TO THE	
	740.	
	Maria Trada a ser Carrier and A Anna Carrier and A Trada	a
	USING THE CREST ELEVATION AS DATUM (ELEV. 133.3'ML), THE	
and the control page of the	SPILLWAY DISCHARGE IS APPROXIMATED BY:	
	Qs = 65 H3/2	
		- ST
(1)	EXTENSION OF KATING CURVES FOR SURCHAILEY HEADS APONE TOP	
	OF DAM.	
for the t		
•	THE DAM IS A GRAVITY MASONRY DAM AND IS ENATH EMBANKMENT.	h
	THE TOP WIDTH OF THE CONSINED SECTION VARIES FROM (5) 26'	
	70 (1) 36'; THE TOP WIDTH OF THE HASONRY SECTION ACOME IS 8'M	0
1	IS CAPPED BY A 3' WIVE, IS "THICK STONE LEDGE AND EAST FILL.	
. = ' =	THE 'S SLOPE OF THE BANTH EMBANKHENT JS (2) 1.5 " TO I AND THE	best
•	P/S FACE OF THE MASSOCRY WASE JS ON (1) 1"TO 4" SLOPE. TO	
	THE RIGHT OF THE SPINLING A MASONRY WING WALL BATENES X FOR	9 /
	(+)85'. THE DAY, EXCLUSING THE SPILLWAY TO (+)160'. TOP ELEY.	

	DAME JUSPECTION	Sheet 2-7 of 16 Date 6/25/79
By Here	Other Refs. CE #27-65	Ock A Pavisions
Ref.	Uther Rets. CE FEFES	O-KA Revisions
**************************************	and the second s	
MACTEY LAKE	Day #1	
THE MAKE		
3,6-Cod'4)0	OUTFLOW KATING GIEVE	
	AND WING WALL IS (1) 137.3	
1	TAL LEAKIN AT THIS ECEVATION	
1	TO THE LEFT OF THE DAY RI	
	A SERIE OF CHIEC TWO	OF WHICH MAY BE SUFFICIENTLY
	18 TO ALLOW AT EXPECTED S	7
	EXCH OF OVERSION PROFILE BEEN	
	RTE 34 EMBANKMENT THAT	
BE OVER	TOPPED AT WL. HIGHER TH	ON (2) W.S. ELEV. 138.6'ML
	HAW). ACTHONGH, IN GENERAL,	
	FORMANGE OF THE DAM AT	
	BE STUDIED, THE OVERTO	
	IS ASSUMED TO BE AN IMI	The state of the s
	& FROM THE DAM AND THEAS	
7	ONTELOW ROTHE CURVE. THE	
15	(±)142.3'45L (±)142.3 45L	MOTE: DATH TOOK STATE HIGHWAY
17'	9 30	DET "RELOCATION OF BE 34"
(137.3	***	±139 USL 2 CONT. MARS SCHE 1 =100
SPUY 183.3'45	+ IDE WISE	DATED MAR. 4/14 , 1956 B
1 ~175'	171-85-1	CE. FIELD DESERVATIONS
A + 94 10 4 94	CELS. MACTBY JAKE DA	4 1 - OVERFLOW PROFILE
	1 25	
	138	6'USL
	Manusan min	The state of the s
	1 540'-	
	RTE 34 EUSANKUEN	T- OVERFLOW PROFINE

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	EDERAL DAMS			Sheet B of	
y yeur		Other Refs. CE#	27-660. WA	Date 6/25/79	
Ref		Other Refs. Co 77	7 863-84	Revisions	
	in them, all countries is also the electrical group of the electrical group.		Anthony of the State of the Sta		
MALTE	Y LOKE DAM	#1			
3.6-0	ent'd) OUTFLO	W RATING CURV	de :		
•				1	
		SWALES ARE AL	DITLY Wasse	D MAINLY WITH E	ER.
G.	REENS.				
	ASSUME C=	3.0 FOR THE OVE	ERFLOW AT XA	E DAM AND WH	4
		WALL.			4
	1	2.7 FAR THE ON	7	1 -	-
Name of the orange part		S THE THE R	SOUTO / ERCEN		
	ALSUME ACCO,	EQUINACENT LE	ENGTHE FOR THE	E SCOPING TERROR	W
i				HCHWAY, THE	1
				TO HUNDYMAT	=
7	THE DYERTCO	DW (SEE PROPILE	PRETCH ON MA	EVIOUS ME):	
	1') TOP OF DAM	4/ wind wall : 40	=260' .: 8	= 780 (H-4)3/2	
-	2') LEFT AND	RIGHT SIDES OF	Day/waspoce		
	(11) = 4	3/5,9/4.1	022/11	(Q', 2), = 23 (H-4	1/2
	(24,2)1-3	-(0+1)(4-4)=	1.33(H-4)	For H	=91
0.00	3') LEFT NO R	CHISIDES OF LOW	SWACE:		
					5
-	(2,012=5	(23+30)(H-3.1)	= 35.3 (H-3.1)	(Q',e) = 88 (H-3) FOR H=	21
	1') LEFT OND K	PIGHT SIDES OF HI	GUER SWALE:	FOR HS	
					S)
	(4,8)3 = 3	(14+23)(4-57)	= 247 (H-5.7)	(O', R) 3 62 (H.	(7)
	1			Fan H= 9	-+-

ION- FEDERAL DAMS	- INSPECTION	Sheet <u>29</u> of <u>16</u>
By HU	Checked By	Dote 6/25/79
Ref	Other Refs CE#27-660- KA	Revisions
/// X	. 4,	
HACTBY LAKE DA	47.	,
21 12 11 11 11 11		. (
3.6, ic-Conta) OUTFE	EN KATINE CURVE	tagan in the second space superior of the endogeneous second to the second second second second second second
		e grande de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la companya d
S') RIE 3	34 LOW GRADE SECTION AT (E)	EL. 138.6 USC
	9 9 4	3/
4	3 = 540' : Q = 1550 (H-5.3) Z
		*
6') LEFT A	ND RIGHT SIDES OF RIE 34 L	PROMINOE
(2')	= = (25+74)(H-5.3) = 66 /H-5	(3) · (0' a) + 165/4-53/4
and the second s	=== (25+74)(H-5.3) = 66 (H-5	4 HE 11.2'
74-0	7	
MENETONE 14	E Torse OVERTION RATING CHEVE	CAN BE APPROXIMATED DY:
	0 (1) (1) (0)	
4=45	+ 90 + (94,2), + (64,2) = + (94,2	13 + aro + (ala)4
		FOR H S 9'
THE RESULTIN	16 OUTFLOW RATING CURVE I	RUTTO ON NEXT PAGE.
Pro-move a Selection of the Company of the Company		
C) SPILLWAY C	APACITY	
IT SHOULD B	E NOTED THAT THE SWALE CLASE	ST TO THE RIGHT OF THE
	TIS LOW PUNT (1) EL 1364 'MIL	
	INCESS IT IT RAISED TO AT LE	
WILL BE JOA	HE OVERFLOW BEFORE THE TO	CF INE DAM S REACHE
ING SPILLING	Y CAPACITY JS THEN:	
L) TO 7.	WE SWALE LAW POINT ELEV. 136	4 MIL
	1=3.1' O'= 350 CFS (+)12;	6 OF Qp; (=)24% or 40)

By #	"LL	FRIC D	DAMS	Checke	d Bv	Mil.	2 ///	<i>V.</i>	_ 0	heel <u>o</u> /	1251	of	<u></u>
k Ref				_Other	ين Refs.	711	-660	-KA	- F	Revisions .			
a the state of	and the second second		-		-	· Programma description (as and	·		the Transfer of the		, , , , , ,	fratur a ser flager at	an expension for the select expension in
	1			,,							-		
MAC	184	LAKE	DAMA	1	-	-					-		
	0 111	10-	1	0.		+					1		
2.6	onta) Out.	FLOW	KATING	e Car	VE	 				+	~	
	1		1		1		1	+ 1		+	1		1
sq -	F 6	1	1 1.	4		EL, 139'A							=
'	35	16	RIE 34	OVERTOR	1 (±)	EL-138.6	MSC		-=	##		#	-
8 -	WS SESS		+			_					11	1	
- 1	-0	STILLW	AY		1	CTOP	OF DAL	(±) £ L.	37.3	15L (134	4 MHW		
7 -	5 4		14/		1	T							
1	33,					€ SWA	€ € (±);	EL. 136.4	MSL				
6 -	F 80	T7											
1	2 8 6												
55 -	A A												
	S I	4/1			11								
4 -	2	1	1		1.1				.\	ļ			
3.3	-0	+	+	-	111		++		1		+	++	
(MRM)		0	1	/	1.1.		2		3		-	4	
or uponements		**************************************	no or get in the		DISCH	ARGE	- (10	00 CF	z)	TOUR SPECIAL ST. TO THE BOOK			
			. (1		
- Fe - 12-	SEE N	оте р. 4	OF TI	HESE C	DUPUT	ATIONS			WA				
-	1							-					
	C-Cont	4) SPI	BLWAY	CAPA	dry		1						}
		(i) To	a Top	OF DA	M (18	SUMME	Nol	NW SWE	LE O	VERTA	(may)		
		the contest of property stages	1		1								
:			H= 4	£' .:	アッド	5200	r ((2)	18 % a	- OP	: (2)3	6% 9	-Op)
		1					* SEE	P. 6 OF	These	COMPS		-	
	f	14) 10	TOP U	+ Dan	1) THE	WOING	SWA	ce ove	RFLO	out:	1 .	j t	
				.,	10 111	FA. 03	1/41	10.00		. (4)	1		1
			H=4		Us &	370	((2)2	0% OF	Sp.	(2)41	10 OF	Ap)	4

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by Hu	Checked By <u>CRF</u>		20 //7
Ref.	Other Rets. Co // C/ 30	Revisions	
general from the control of the graph of the late of t	a generalism control is the included an experimental and the control of the contr	1.7% and comb fields to the compatibility transfer become the comb	The second control of
MALTRY LAKE D	4.4		
MARICH LARE D			
3 Po 1111 Cupa	MARGE AT PEAK INTLOWS:		
O-CONTAT CORCE	TARGE AT FEAR GATZOUS.		
d) Sugruence	HEIGH TO PASS OF :		
- Coccining	METAN TO THUS COP,		
i) @ 6	7 = PHF = 2900 CK	H, = 5.4'	the state of the s
		4-7	Market of the Committee of the Spring of Spring of Springs
ii)e	1 = 1/2 PMF = 1450 CFS	H'= 4.7'	
4) EFFECT OF S	VECHANGE STORAGE ON M	INCHUM PROBABLE DE	SCH ARGES
(QUIFLOW)			
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Q RESERVOIR	LAKE AREA @ FLOW AWE	- " A = 229 K	
ASSUME	AUE LAKE AREA WITHIN EX	PECTED SUCHARGE	1=25 AC
*SEE 'SI	DRAGE" ON A 4 OF THESE COM	POTATIONS. NO SUBSTANT	AL AREA!
	LACREMENT FROM THE LAN		
2040 T	S CONSIDERED.		and the same of th
b) ASSUME NO	EMAC POOL LEVEL (1) 0.2	' ABOYE SPHENDY CLES	- (EL 1335 MK)
C) WATERSHED	AREA: DA=1.29 50 in	(See p. 3 OF THESE	Cours.)
d) DISCHARGE	(612) AT VARIOUS HAPOTHE	FICAC SURCHARGE EX	VATIONS:
		145	
H=6	V=25x(6-0,2)=145 AC	5- 129053	-=211"
1			
H=3'	V-70 12 57	5-1.02"	
a managed or consequence of the second of th			
		- !	

VON- T	EDERAL DAMS INSPECTION Sheet 0-12 of 16
By Hey	Checked By 119 Date 4/26/79
Ref	Other Refs CE \$ 27-660-K4 Revisions
MACT	BY LAKE DAM #1
110	
A.d.Co	MILL) EFFECT OF SURCHANCE ON PEAK DUTFLOW - (Q)
	· Fa
	FROM APPROXIMATE STORAGE ROUTING NED-ACE GUIDELINES X19"MAX PRO-
	BABLE R.O. IN NEW ENCLOND):
-	8-8 (1-5) Lux = 1/ But = 1/ 1/1/5)
1	QE = QR (1- 5) AND FOR 1/2 PM: Q'_ = Q'_1 (1-5)
	: FOR THE PREVIOUS LAPOTHETICAL PISCHARGES:
1	THE THE TECHNOS STEP OWNE THE PACHAGES.
See Mar. See See See See See See	H=6' 91 = 2580 05 Q' = 1130 055
	H-3' Q== 2750 CES Q== 1300 CES
	MSO, FOR H=0.2; Op = 2900 MD Of = 145000
e)	PEAK OUTELOW (GB).
Personal annual consider	
	USING NED-ACE SCYDELINES "SCHERGE STORGE ROUTING" ACTECUTE
	METHOD (See P. 10 OF THESE COMPUTATIONS):
	Q3 = 2620 CK H3 = 5.3' FOR Q0 = PMF
	A' \$ 1220 CN H' = 4.6' FOR Q' = 1/2 PMF
1	SPICEWAY CAPACITY RATIO TO DUTFLOW:
	STICKING LABOUT MALLO TO CHITCOW:
	i) SPILLWAY CAPACITY TO THE Sugge LOW POINT: 61' = 350 CKS
	THE SALLWAY CAPACITY IN (2) 13% THE OUTFLOW AT PUF
	(TEST FLOOD) AND (2) 29 % THE OUTFLOW AT 1/2 PMF.
	THE VICE OF THE PARTY.
	See Pp. 9010 OF THEIR COMPUTATIONS
1	

MAINTPHINITE	D	0/3	
la a a	DAMS INSPECTION	Sheet 2/3 of 16	
	Checked By	Date 6/26/29	
Ref.	Other Refs. 0 # 27-66	S-KA Revisions	
media mening ngapagan talian ni ini sehingan angguntu kenturana	The second support to a 1 to 100 to 1		
1			
HACTBY LAKE	= Daa1 #1		
4. f- (antid) E	PEECT OF SURCHARUSE ON 1	FAX OUTTION - STORY CAP AT SE	
		DAM (ASSUMING NO SWALE DVERTION)	
		T OF THE DIM IS CLOSED, THERE	
WIL	IL BE A SLIGHT (NEGLIGIBLE)	WELLASE IN SURCHARGE AND	
AC	CONSEQUENT NEGUGIBLE RED	UCTION IN OR MID GO. THE STUL.	
NAS	4 CAPACITY TO TOP OF THE	DAM WOULD BE: 0" -520 005	
		UF AND (1) 43 % THE DUTTERN	CAN TOWN
•	1/2 PMF		
111) Sell	To The as Dear	INCLUDING THE SURE OVERTOW:	
مرا کرارو	MAY CAPACINT ID IUI OT CAM	ANCLUDING ME SUGE UNGERCAN	Mary Mary
0'	" 590 CM OR (#) 23 % THE O	- 1 - Par - Jul 109/ -	There is the
	a X . 17 (1 / 1/2) F F 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		
		TELOW AT PAT AND (1)48 % THE	-
	TRUNAT 1/2 PMF	TELOW AT THE AND (1)48 % THE	
	TRUNAT 1/2 PMF	TELOW AT THE AND (I) 48 % THE	
5) SUMMARY a) PEAK T	THELOW : PA = PMF = 2900 C		
5) SUMMARY a) PEAK T	TRIONAT 1/2 PAIR		
5) SUMMARY 2) PEAK II 6) PEAK C	THEOWAT 1/2 PMF = 2400 CO THELOW: Pg = PMF = 2400 CO THELOW: OB = 2620 CMS	Of = 1220 CFS	
D) SUMMARY a) PEAK II b) PEAK C	THELOW AT 1/2 PMF = 2400 CO OUTFLOW: Of = 2620 CMS MY CAPACITY TO FIRST PEWF OF	Of = 1220 CFS ONERFLAW (SIMILE): D= 350 CFS	
C) SMULLE	THELOW AT 1/2 PMF = 2400 CO OUTFLOW: Of = 2620 CMS MY CAPACITY TO FIRST PEWF OF	Of = 1220 CFS	
6) PEAK OF	THEOWAT 1/2 PMF = 2400 CO PUTFLOW: Of = 2620 CMS ON CARCITY TO FIRST PAWF OF (-1) 13 % OF Of MAD (1) 29 %	Of = 1220 CFS ONE RECOND (SUNCE): D= 350 CFS ONE OF O(3 (SOR 4, P. 13 AND HOWE)	First trade
5) SUMMARY a) PEAK II b) PEAK Co	THE SOF = PUT THE DAME TO CONTRACT SOFT	Of = 1220 CFS ONERFORM (SWACE): DE 350 CFS ONERFORM (SWACE): DE 350 CFS OF O'S (See 4, P. 13 AND ADDRE) ONERFORMED(E) 1.3' (W.S. EC. 138.6 Mg.	
C) SALLENS CONTRACT C) SALLENS CONTRACT THEREFORE = 135.3'41	THELOW AT 1/2 PMF = 2900° OUTFLOW: Of = 2620° OUTFLOW: Of = 2620° ON CAPACITY TO FIRST PLANT OF (1) 13 % OF Of MAD (1) 29 % OUTFLOW: OF STAND (1) 29 % OUTFLOW: OF STAND (1) 29 % OUTFLOW: OF STAND (1) 29 %	Of = 1220 CFS ONERFLOW (SUNCE): D= 350 CFS OF O'S (SEE 4, P. 13 AND HOWE) ONERFORED(±) 1.3' (W.S. EC. 138.6 ML ONES OF THE SALLWAY CERT:	Process
C) SALLENS CONTRACT C) SALLENS CONTRACT THEREFORE = 135.3'41	THELOW AT 1/2 PMF = 2900° OUTFLOW: Of = 2620° OUTFLOW: Of = 2620° ON CAPACITY TO FIRST PLANT OF (1) 13 % OF Of MAD (1) 29 % OUTFLOW: OF STAND (1) 29 % OUTFLOW: OF STAND (1) 29 % OUTFLOW: OF STAND (1) 29 %	Of = 1220 CFS ONERFORM (SWACE): DE 350 CFS ONERFORM (SWACE): DE 350 CFS OF O'S (See 4, P. 13 AND ADDRE) ONERFORMED(E) 1.3' (W.S. EC. 138.6 Mg.	
SUMMARY a) PEAK JO b) PEAK CO c) SMURK al, C THEREFORE = 135.3'M AT THIS CANA	THE SOF = PUT THE DAY JE LOW THE LOW AT THE	Of = 1220 CFS ONERFLOW (SWALE): Dot 350 CFS ONERFLOW (SWALE): Dot 350 CFS OF O'S (See 4, f. p. 13 AND ADDRE) ONERFORPED(±) 1.3' (W.S. Ed. 138.6 Mg. T) 5.3' ABONE THE SAYLWAY CREST: W. SWALE Is (±) 630 CFS AND (±) 2.2' DEF.	
SUMMARY a) PEAK J. b) PEAK C. c) SAURA al, C THEREFORE = 135.3'41. AT THIS CONS.	THELOW AT 1/2 PMF = 2900 CO PUTELOW: OF = 2620 CMS MY CAPACITY TO FIRST PLANT OF (1) 13 % OF GB AND (1) 29 % AT SOF = PMF THE DAM JS OF (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	Of = 1220 CFS OF = 1220 CFS ONERFLUM (SUNCE): D= 350 CFS OF O'S (See 4, P. 13 AND ADDRE) ONEDXOPPED(±) 1.3' (M.S. Ec. 138.6 Mg. TO SUNCE IS (±) 630 CFS AND (±) 2.2' DEF. TO MED (±) 0.6' (N.S. EL. 137.9 MSL =	Processor Services
SUMMARY a) PEAK JO b) PEAK CO c) SAUCKA ce, C THEREFORE = 135.3'44 AT THIS CONS 134.6'4440)	THE SOF = PUT THE DAY JE LOW THE LOW AT THE	OF = 1220 CFS OVERFLUND (SWALE): D= 350 CFS OVERFLUND (SWALE): D= 350 CFS OF OG (SOE 4, P. 13 AND ADDRE) OVERFLUND (±) 1.3' (W.S. EL. 138.6 ML TO SWALE IS (±) 630 CFS AND (±) 2.2' DEF. TO PASO (±) 0.6' (W.S. EL. 137.9 MSL = THE SPALLING (2057; THE SWALE	

	DAMS JUSPECTION Checked By CE		Sheet <u>U-14</u> of <u>16</u> Date <u>6/26/79</u>	
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DOWNSTREAD	u FAILURE HAZERI	2		
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I) PEAR 1200	DO AND STAGE IMMED	INFLY IS THOU	244:	
a) BREAT	W WINTH:			
and the second s				and development of the second
C)MID.	HEIGHT (+) ELEY 124,3' M.	SC (121'MNW) (13	7.3 - 26 = 124.3 'MSL)	
		*SEC	"HEIRNT " P. A OF THESE CONS	Was .
ii) APPR	OX. MID-HEIGHT LENGIN.			
	11 - (0 1150 100	the same of the sa	AND HMY DEST: 1"= 100 MAP, 3/6	
· (ii) BREA	ON WIDTH (SEE NED-ACE)	IS DOMITALLY EE BOIL	EUNES):	
	W=0.4x160=64'	. : Assure W	= 60'	7940
b) PEAR 7	ALLURE OUTEROW (S	: (م		
				Francis .
Assur	NE SURCHARDE TO TOP	e OF DAM (EL. 13)	3 MSL); THEREFORE,	
illere	AT AT TIME OF FAILUR	4-21		
ii) Spile	WAY DISCHARGE:	DE SOCKS NO	P. NO OF THESE (BURS.)	3
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ii) BRE	CH OUTFLOW (Qb):			
est orange property	R 11 1 3/2	and the contract of the contra		Fine
	Q = 8 W 17 4 3/2	= 13400	that a country was the property of the property of	
in De	E FAILURE OFFERDO (0.1. 00	0 = 13900 CFS	
-) / EAR	GIAICURE WIFTEN	77. 41, -45,4	62 200	lens
C) FLOOD I	SEPTH INNEQUIELY ?	& From Day:		
1	4=0.40 %= 11			1

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1 10000	IMATE STAGE JUST BEFORE FAIR		
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7		D/ - 0	Cass
	E SPICEWAY DICHARGE IS C		
	AT OF VALLED COOKS-SECTION UP		
	LE CULVERT HOS 3 REACHES . C		
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Kj	=6300; Ka' = 5300. THELE FOLE, A.	SCURING THE TAXABLE	*
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alon F	1 22 30			THE WORK
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D) TLOOD DEP.	TH IMMEDIATELY % FROM DAM: 9	3//		
	DEPTH ABOVE GROWD AFTER			
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			1	
Marin Bridge Appropriate to Antagon Alba Baltination A		The second secon		

PRELIMINARY GUIDANCE

FOR ESTIMATING

MAXIMUM PROBABLE DISCHARGES

IN

PHASE I DAM SAFETY

INVESTIGATIONS

New England Division Corps of Engineers

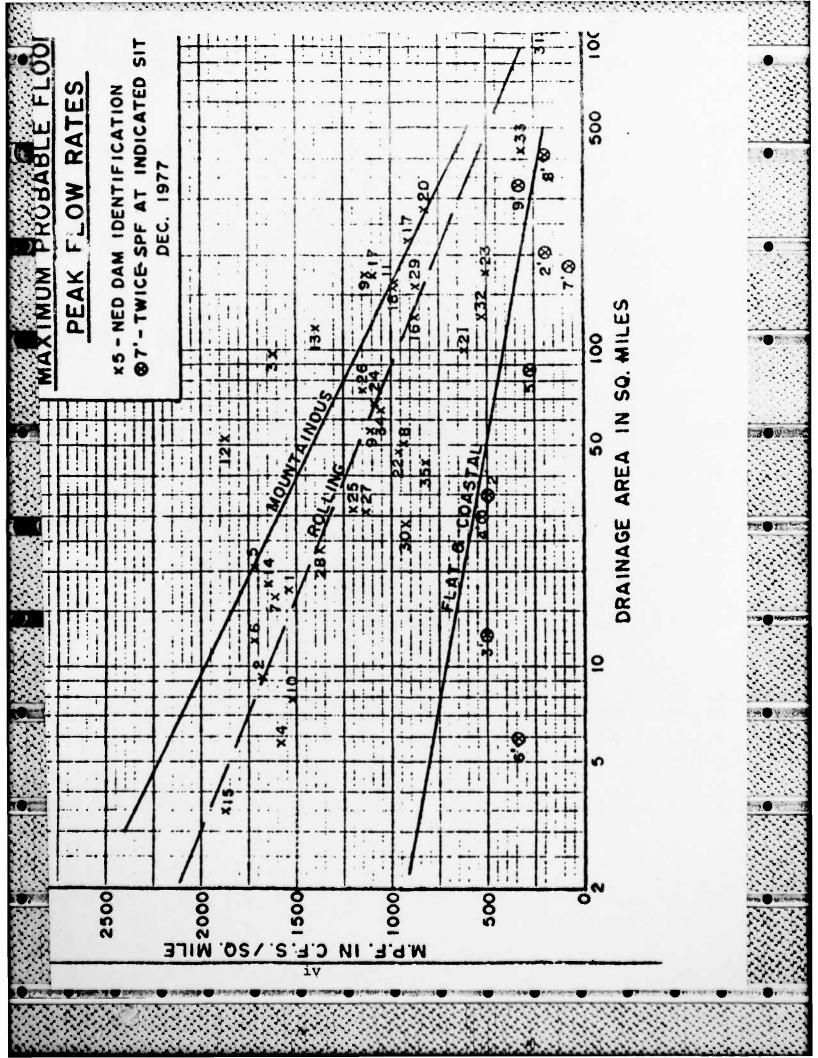
March 1978

MAXIMUM PROBABLE FLOOD INFLOWS NED RESERVOIRS

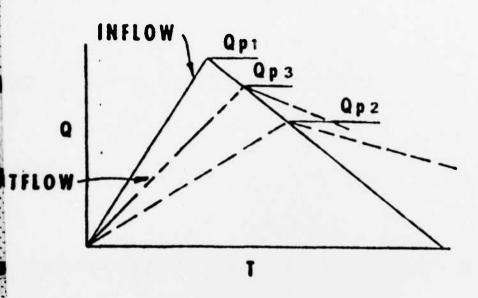
	Project	Ç (cfs)	D.A.	MPF
ŧ.		(215)	(sq. m1.)	cfs/sq. mi.
S 1.	Hall Meadow Brook	26,600	17.2	1,546
2.	East Branch	15,500	9.25	1,675
3.	Thomaston	158,000	97.2	1,625
4.	Northfield Brook	9,000	5.7	1,580
5.	Black Rock	35,000	20.4	1,715
6.	Hancock Brook	20,700	12.0	1,725
7.	Hop Brook	26,400	16.4	1,610
3 8.	Tully	47,000	50.0	940
9.	Barre Falls	61,000	55.0	1,109
10.	Conant Brook	11,900	7.8	1,525
ž 11.	Knightville	160,000	162.0	987
12.	Littleville	98,000	52.3	1,870
13.	Colebrook River	165,000	118.0	1,400
14.	Mad River	30,000	18.2	1,650
15.	Sucker Brook	6,500	3.43	1,895
16.	Union Village	110,000	126.0	873
£ 17.	North Hartland	199,000	220.0	904
18.	North Springfield	157,000	158.0	994
19.	Ball Mountain	190,000	172.0	1,105
20.	Townshend	228,000	106.0(278 tota	1) 820
21.	Surry Mountain	63,000	100.0	630
. 22.		45,000	47.0	957
23.		88,500	175.0	505
24.	East Brimfield	73,900	67.5	1,095
) 25.	Westville	38,400	99.5(32 net)	1,200
26.	West Thompson	85,000	173.5(74 net)	1,150
327.	Hodges Village	35,600	31.1	1,145
28.	Buffumville	36,500	26.5	1,377
29.	Mansfield Hollow	125,000	159.0	786
30.	West Hill	26,000	28.0	928
31.	Franklin Falls	210,000	1000.0	210
32.	Blackwater	66,500	128.0	520
33.	Hopkinton	135,000	426.0	316
34.	Everett	68,000	64.0	1,062
35.	MacDowell	36,300	44.0	825

MAXIMUM PROBABLE FLOWS BASED ON TWICE THE STANDARD PROJECT FLOOD (Flat and Coastal Areas)

	River	(cfs)	(sq. mi.)	(cfs/sq. mi.)
1.	Pawtuxet River	19,000	200	190
2.	Mill River (R.I.)	8,500	34	500
3.	Peters River (R.I.)	3,200	13	490
4.	Kettle Brook	8,000	30	530
5.	Sudbury River.	11,700	86	270
6.	Indian Brook (Hopk.)	1,000	5.9	340
7.	Charles River.	6,000	184	65
8.	Blackstone River.	43,000	416	200
9.	Quinebaug River	55,000	331	330



ESTIMATING EFFECT OF SURCHARGE STORAGE ON MAXIMUM PROBABLE DISCHARGES



STEP 1: Determine Peak Inflow (Qp1) from Guide Curves.

STEP 2: a. Determine Surcharge Height To Pass "Qp1".

- b. Determine Volume of Surcharge (STOR1) In Inches of Runoff.
- c. Maximum Probable Flood Runoff In New England equals Approx. 19", Therefore

$$Qp2 = Qp1 \times (1 - \frac{STOR1}{19})$$

STEP 3: a. Determine Surcharge Height and "STOR2" To Pass "Qp2"

b. Average "STOR1" and "STOR2" and Determine Average Surcharge and Resulting Peak Outflow "Qp3".

SURCHARGE STORAGE ROUTING SUPPLEMENT

- STEP 3: a. Determine Surcharge Height and ''STOR2'' To Pass ''Qp2''
 - b. Avg ''STOR₁'' and ''STOR₂'' and Compute ''Qp₃''.
 - c. If Surcharge Height for Qp3 and "STORAVG" agree O.K. If Not:
- STEP 4: a. Determine Surcharge Height and ''STOR3'' To Pass ''Qp3''
 - b. Avg. "Old STORAVG" and "STOR3" and Compute "Qp4"
 - c. Surcharge Height for Qp4 and "New STOR Avg" should Agree closely

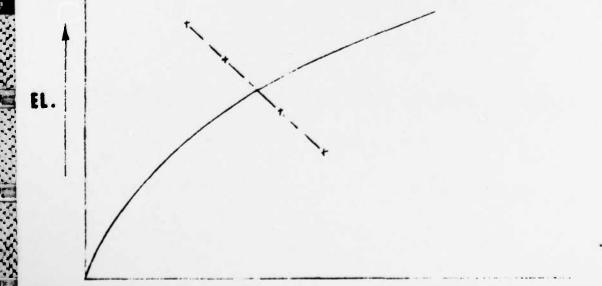
SURCHARGE STORAGE ROUTING ALTERNATE

$$Q_{p2} = Q_{p1} \times \left(1 - \frac{STOR}{19}\right)$$

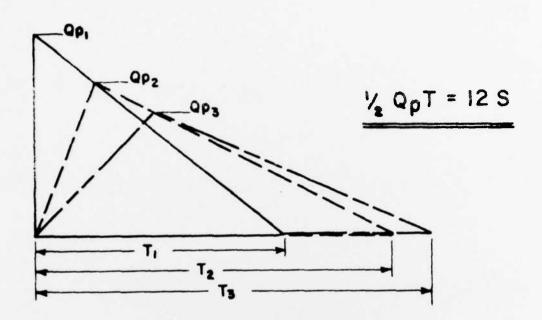
$$Q_{p2} = Q_{p1} - Q_{p1} \left(\frac{STOR}{19} \right)$$

FOR KNOWN Qp1 AND 19" R.O.





"RULE OF THUMB" GUIDANCE FOR ESTIMATING DOWNSTREAM DAM FAILURE HYDROGRAPHS



STEP 1: DETERMINE OR ESTIMATE RESERVOIR STORAGE (S) IN AC-FT AT TIME OF FAILURE.

STEP 2: DETERMINE PEAK FAILURE OUTFLOW (Qp1).

Wb = BREACH WIDTH - SUGGEST VALUE NOT GREATER THAN 40% OF DAM LENGTH ACROSS RIVER AT MID HEIGHT.

Yo = TOTAL HEIGHT FROM RIVER BED TO POOL LEVEL AT FAILURE.

STEP 3: USING USGS TOPO OR OTHER DATA, DEVELOP REPRESENTATIVE STAGE-DISCHARGE RATING FOR SELECTED DOWNSTREAM RIVER REACH.

STEP 4: ESTIMATE REACH OUTFLOW (Qp2) USING FOLLOWING ITERATION.

- A. APPLY Q_{p1} TO STAGE RATING, DETERMINE STAGE AND ACCOPMANYING VOLUME (V_1) IN REACH IN AC-FT. (NOTE: IF V_1 EXCEEDS 1/2 OF S, SELECT SHORTER REACH.)
- B. DETERMINE TRIAL QD2.

- C COMPUTE V2 USING Qp2 (TRIAL).
- D. AVERAGE V1 AND V2 AND COMPUTE Qp2.

STEP 5: FOR SUCCEEDING REACHES REPLAT STEPS 3 AND 4.

APRIL 1978

APPENDIX E INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

VER/DATE 3C3 A PRV/FED BOWER CAPACITY NAVIGATION LOCKS NAVIGATION LOCKS NAVIGATION LOCKS NAVIGATION LOCKS NAVIGATION LOCKS DAY MO YR 31AUG79 53600 POPULATION FED R CT WATER RESOURCES MAINTENANCE 4118,3 7258,3 LATITUDE LONGITUDE MORTH) (WEST) FROM DAM CHARLES W BLAKESLEE AUTHORITY FOR INSPECTION CONSTRUCTION BY 161 NED NAME OF IMPOUNDMENT CT WATER RESOURCES CT WATER RESOURCES NEAREST DOWNSTREAM CITY - TOWN - VILLAGE MALTBY LOWER LAKE PL 92-367 OPERATION 560 3 WEST HAVEN INSPECTION DATE REGULATORY AGENCY O1MAY79 HALTBY LAKE DAM NUMBER ENGINEERING BY 26 NAME REMARKS 1 ALBERT B HILL REMARKS • 58 CONSTRUCTION WOLUME OF DAM (CY) PURPOSES RIVER OR STREAM 22-GRAVITY SECTION IN 1900 MAXIMUM DISCHARGE (FT.) POPULAR NAME NEW HAVEN WATER COMPANY 520 INSPECTION BY STATE COUNTY DIST, STATE, COUNTY, DIST. TR-WEST RIVER YEAR CT MATER RESOURCES 1862 CAHN ENGINEERS INC CERESTA TYPE MIRTH 25 3 OWNER DESIGN SPILLWAY CT 009 03 TYPE OF DAM 182 REPG 111 NED 5

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INVENTORY OF DAMS IN THE UNITED STATES

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